

# *The Marked Bible*

**CHARLES L. TAYLOR**

*"She did not ask for her son worldly greatness, but she earnestly pleaded that he might attain that greatness which Heaven values—that he might honor God and bless his fellow men."*

*—Patriarchs and Prophets, 572*



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*The Marked Bible*

by Charles L. Taylor

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“When the judgment shall sit, and the books shall be opened; when the ‘well done’ of the great Judge is pronounced, and the crown of immortal glory is placed upon the brow of the victor, many will raise their crowns in sight of the assembled universe and, pointing to their mother, say, ‘She made me all I am through the grace of God. Her instruction, her prayers, have been blessed to my eternal salvation.’ ”

—*Messages to Young People, 330*

“The path upon which her children are now entering may lead to virtue or to vice, to honor or to infamy, to heaven or to hell. The influence of a praying, God-fearing mother will last through eternity. She may die, but her work will endure.”

—*4 Testimonies, 500*

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# *Introduction*

From the beginning, this little book created a demand for its multiplication. The author, Charles Lindsay Taylor, was pre-eminently a soul winner and builder, as well as a teacher.

His experience as a chaplain for years in a large medical facility brought him into close contact with the sick and suffering.

A deep student of the Bible, he had an exceptional gift as a clear, convincing writer, and wrote hundreds of articles as well as two books.

This little book, *The Marked Bible*, came from his pen during the last two years of his life, written amid great pain and suffering.

His deep concern was to present to us Biblical truth involving a cross, in such a way as to bring glory to God, encouragement, and a closer walk with Christ.

In this little work, he has set before the reader (in a composite life picture, not unreal) the struggle of souls enmeshed in sin and prejudice, seeking light and truth. He shows the wisdom of the humble disciple of God and the power of the Word, to lead a soul to restful triumph in Christ.

There is not a phase of life presented in this booklet, not an inconsistent argument against the truth of God, that has not been witnessed over and over in the great throngs of humanity and fills the "valley of decision" which lies between the sinks of

selfishness, sin, and the glorious evergreen mountains of God's victorious way.

The circulation of *The Marked Bible* far exceeds a million copies, and has been translated into many languages. The author fell asleep in Jesus, in the full tide of his usefulness, on December 18, 1918; but his works follow on, continually bringing souls to Christ.

He saw God's truth, but did not stay  
To ask if others saw the way.  
Content was he in heart we know  
That Jesus walked there, here below.  
And evermore He walks with men,  
That men may walk His paths again.  
And He is more than all besides;  
For others fail, but He abides.

— *Adapted from the original Introduction*

“There is a God above, and the light and glory from His throne rests upon the faithful mother as she tries to educate her children to resist the influence of evil. No other work can equal hers in importance. She has not, like the artist, to paint a form of beauty upon canvas; nor, like the sculptor, to chisel it from marble. She has not, like the author, to embody a noble thought in words of power; nor, like the musician, to express a beautiful sentiment in melody. It is hers, with the help of God, to develop in a human soul the likeness of the divine. The mother who appreciates this will regard her opportunities as priceless.”

—*Adventist Home, 237*

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*Chapter 1*

# *A Rebellious Son and a Mother's Love*

*"Don't mention it again, I tell you—never again. I am tired of all this talk about Christianity, and I'm not going to stand it any longer. You may do as you please, but I insist that you stop making life here at home so unpleasant for me."*

*"But, Son, remember Father. His dying request was for you. Just let me tell you of one thing he said about you in his last prayer. He called me to his bedside, and with choked voice—"*

*"Mother, you seem to think I don't mean what I say, and so you will keep on. But I have made up my mind to end this whole business. I may as well tell you that one week from today I am going to sea. Now please let me live in peace the few days I am here with you, and I will be thankful."*

### **THE UNDYING LOVE OF HIS MOTHER**

Mrs. Wilson had been a wise, tactful mother. For fifteen long years, she had been alone in the world, battling with poverty, but always seeking faithfully to shield her child from the corrupting influence of the great city of San Francisco, where she and her son had their home. By night and by day, Harold's name had been upon her lips in prayer.

It was not true, however, that she had been given to much talk, as might be supposed from the son's complaint. As a mother ought, she had wisely restrained and had insisted that her decisions be respected. But her words had been few, especially during the later years, when Harold's age demanded that he begin to fulfill the responsibilities of manhood and to act, more fully, the independent part of life.

When his father died, Harold was a boy of eight years. From his birth, he had been dedicated to God. It was the supreme ambition of both Father and Mother that he would be trained for the work of the gospel and devote his life to proclaiming the good news of Him who died to save from sin and would one day come again in glory to receive His people to Himself. Theirs was a "blessed hope"; and their child gave promise of reaching the end they sought. He was a beautiful boy, and early gave evidence of a love for the things of God.

Then a strange change came. The kind, careful husband and father was stricken down with a fatal illness. For many months he lay; and the means he had been studiously saving up for his boy's education were taken for the payment of the rapidly increasing bills. Finally all was gone. When at last the end came in sight, he called his wife and little one to his side; and together they prayed once more that God would remember the consecration they had made, and in His own good way and time bring little Harold to be a soul winner for Christ, as they had planned.

Does God hear? *Does* He answer? These were

the questions that had been presenting themselves to Mrs. Wilson's mind for more than two years now; for, notwithstanding all her pleadings, all her tears, all her struggles, the influence of worldly associations had gradually and surely alienated her son from God. And, more and more, he had come to manifest a positive dislike for all that pertained to God and His Word of truth.

#### A CRIMINAL AND A RENEGADE

*At the time this story opens*, Harold had become a drunkard, a gambler, a thief. He seemed the exact reproduction, in his characteristics, of a great-grandfather whose life had been made notorious by atheism, blasphemy, drunkenness, and murder, and who had ended his life on the gallows. As Mrs. Wilson thought upon this fact, her heart almost broke within her, and she began to despair.

She had been led to speak to her son once more because of crime recently committed in the neighborhood of her home, suspicion resting on him. In her heart, she little doubted that he was involved; and the thought so cruelly hurt her that she could not remain silent. Hence she spoke.

But when she did so, there came the last crushing disappointment. She was told never again to mention the subject of a better life. In fact, she was to have slight opportunity; for Harold had declared his intention of going to sea. And only a few days intervened. Besides, he was going under a cloud, very probably to escape the clutches of the law.

*"Oh, my boy, my boy!* I have prayed and prayed that you might grow to be a noble, God-fearing man. I have asked God continually to take you for His



service. I have done all I have known to do to keep you from the world. I have hoped and trusted that you would be kept. But today you are a criminal, a godless, wicked man. You hate religion. You turn from me as though I were one of your worst enemies. *Oh, my Harold, my treasure, must I give you up?*"

Thus spoke Mrs. Wilson to herself, out of the agony of her heart after her son had so ruthlessly denied her the privilege of again speaking to him of the Christian hope.

#### **A MOTHER'S DREAM**

And while his mother mourned and wept, Harold caroused. With an almost fiendish enthusiasm, he joined with his associates in riotous pleasure; and more than once his voice was heard in denunciation of his parents' hopes. He drank and cursed; and he even challenged the Almighty, if He existed, to come and strike him down if He dared. So far had he fallen!

*Does God hear? Does God answer? Had a mother's prayers been unheeded? Had all those years of toil and sacrifice and devotion and trust been in vain? —No, thank God, no.*

"Think not, thou mother heart,  
That God hears not thy cry.  
Thine interests are His,  
And He is standing nigh.  
He listens, waits, and longs to prove  
That He is God, thy God, thy Love.

"Nor doubt, then, nor despair;  
Trust on through dark, through light;

Fear not to bide His time;  
He'll surely do the right.  
He knows the secrets of thy soul.  
Thy son shall one day be made whole."

It was a terribly dark hour to the dear mother; and, worn out with the heavy burden and not seeing as yet the welcome approach of a brighter day, she lay down and fell asleep.

*She dreamed!*

It was the morning of eternity. The world was new. All marks of the curse were gone. Sin and all its consequences had been removed forever. She saw the Saviour. She saw the saints of all the ages, the innumerable multitudes with the palms and the harps. And ere she could have a moment of disappointment, there stood by her side her companion of early years. He looked into her face, radiant with life; and then, out of the fullness of his supreme joy, he said, "And here is Harold!"

"Yes, here I am, Father," came the musical answer of him who had been precious in their eyes; and then he stood before them—their son, made over into the image of the blessed Christ.

"Harold, Oh Harold! Bless God! My heavenly Father *did* hear and He *did* answer. Ah, I thought you would not come! And how did the Master find and redeem you?"

"Mother, do you remember the marked Bible you hid among my things the day I left you and went to sea? The message you wrote in the Book, and the message of the Book itself, broke my hardened spirit; and I could not find rest until I laid my weary self at His feet. He lifted me up, He taught me of the

right way. He guided my soul to this better land."

#### **SHE MARKS THE BIBLE**

How long she slept, Mrs. Wilson knew not; but when she awoke, it was long past midnight. And she heard Harold stumbling up to his room.

But why did his heavy, uncertain step this time fail to trouble her as it had before? Why could she resign herself to what seemed a veritable tragedy, which was wrecking her home?

She was not a believer in dreams. She did not regard the beautiful picture that had been projected upon the screen of her mind as being necessarily divine. There had come to her, however, in the experience, a suggestion of a new work of love. She had found also a new basis for hope, a new vision of possibilities; and with a mother's loyal quickness, her plans were immediately formulated for putting the suggestion into practice.

What a blessed mission was that of the new day, when with her widow's mite—the savings of many a long, weary day—she found her way to the heart of the city; and there she invested that mite in a Bible for Harold! She bought the best that was possible, leaving nothing remaining for the coming "rainy day." Was not her son's life more precious to her than her own?

*What a really wonderful Bible that was when Mrs. Wilson had completed in it her beautiful design! From Genesis to Revelation she marked, with great care, those passages which she believed would one day appeal to the heart of her boy. Just what texts and just what markings entered into the plan may not be told here; but suffice it to say that only a*

wise, loving, praying mother could ever have thought out and executed so splendid a soul-winning idea.

Without doing violence to the sacredness of a mother's secret, it may be stated that two great principles were emphasized,—faith in Jesus as a complete Saviour and obedience to *all* His commandments.

Mrs. Wilson had learned that Jesus is the only Messiah of the Scriptures; that it was He who created the world; who spoke through prophets; who conversed with patriarchs; who gave the law on Sinai; who led Israel into the promised land; who walked and talked with Adam, with Enoch, with Noah, with Abraham, with Moses, and with David. She understood that He was “the Lamb slain from the foundation of the world”; and that therefore, before the time of Calvary as well as after, men were saved through Him. To her, the whole Bible was a Jesus-book, one story of the Friend of sinners.

When Harold should open the Book, she wanted him to find Christ everywhere throughout the story, to hear His voice, to know His love, and then to render Him service.

It was only natural, in view of this, that she made particularly prominent the claims of the Ten Commandments. If Christ had spoken them, and then had *died that they might be written in man's heart*, were they not vital to salvation? Thus the twentieth chapter of Exodus was made as it were the pivot of her whole appeal to her son to yield to Jesus Christ.

Her own message, written on the flyleaf, and accidentally stained with a tear that fell as she wrote, was this:

“My Darling Boy:

“I love you. I shall *always* love you. But there is One who loves you infinitely more than I, and that One is Jesus. You do not love Him now; but I am praying that you may be brought to see how good He is, and be led to yield yourself to Him. This Book is from Him and from me. *Please read it* for His sake and for mine. Its promises are all sure; and as you take them into your heart, they will make you new and clean and strong and victorious. You will then be supremely happy; you will be a blessing to others; you will rejoice the heart of the Friend who died; and some day; not long hence, you will meet me where there will be no more parting.

“Lovingly,

“Mother.”

The marked Bible waited in secret until almost the last moment before Harold's leave-taking; and then, when he was absent on an errand, it was quickly tucked away out of sight in one corner of his box.

“Good-bye, Mother!”

Mrs. Wilson had just completed her morning devotions and was braced for the parting.

“Good-bye my dearest,” she said; and, putting her arms around Harold's neck, she gave him a long farewell embrace. The tears wanted to come; but she had determined on another course, and a smile of peace wreathed her face instead.

She whispered into his ear a mother's secret wish; but without response, he hurried away.

*Chapter 2**Fire on Board!*

It was a bright May morning when the *Yokohama*, with Harold Wilson aboard as an ordinary deck hand, put out through the Golden Gate for Melbourne. It was a day of gloom to Harold. Notwithstanding the apparent bravado of his hardened life, down deep in his heart there was a something akin to boyhood tenderness, which he could not throw aside.

As the great vessel, responding to her mighty propeller, gained in momentum and was quickly finding her way out into the great Pacific, and the shores of the homeland began to fade from view, there came to Harold, for the first time in many years, a partial consciousness of the value of a mother. He could not explain why; but now that she was no longer within reach, no longer where he could realize her presence, she began to assume a different appearance to his mind's eye. After all, she was beautiful; and could he have made the wake of the vessel a path for returning, he would gladly have jumped overboard and hastened home.

Of course, this feeling was only temporary; yet it showed that the time was not altogether past when a mother's love appealed to this son's affections. And it was this tender spot which a great Providence was to touch, and through which it would work to cause Harold Wilson to forsake his sins.

The tear that stole its way to the young man's cheek was quickly brushed away; and he resolutely strove to drown all thought of a mother's prayers and the purpose for which they were offered. He said to himself, "Be game, old man, and don't play the baby!" And surely he seemed to succeed in his determination to forget.

#### **HAROLD FINDS THE BIBLE**

The crew of the *Yokohama* was the usual motley group of different nationalities, nearly all of whom were abandoned to drink, profanity, and irreligion. Among them, Harold was a "hail fellow well met."

"Hello! What's this?" Harold was in search of a needed garment; and, as he pulled it from his sailor's chest, a package fell to the floor.

"I never saw this before," he exclaimed; and he hastily removed the wrapper.

"*A Bible! A Bible!* And did Mother think me such an idiot that I would stand for such nonsense? But, say, it's a dandy book. I wonder what it cost. My! But this is funny! Harold Wilson, a common drunk, and a thief besides, having a Bible at sea! I guess I'll ask for the job of preaching to the boys." He opened the Book, "just to see how a Bible looks inside"; and there, in the familiar writing of his good mother, were the words, "My Darling Boy." A lump came into his throat. For an instant, he was transported back to his childhood; and he saw himself in his innocence, enjoying the endearing words which for so long a time now he had professed to spurn. Again a tear, an unwelcome tear, made its way down his cheek. Instinctively he turned his face, lest the eye of some fellow sailor would discover his weakness.

But he could not resist the reading of the mother's message on the flyleaf. Nor did he lay the Book down—rather, throw it down—until he had gleaned through its pages and discovered the markings of his tender mother's hand. Not only were passages marked; but, in connection, written in the margin were words of truth and admonition which only his mother could ever have penned.

"I don't want this thing," he cried out. "Must I be haunted by this miserable stuff wherever I go?" And throwing the Book into the box, he slammed down the cover and "turned in" for the night.

#### **A FIRE AT SEA**

About a month had passed; and a hard month indeed it had been. The journey had been made through rough seas; and on more than one occasion there had been imminent danger of shipwreck and a grave in the deep. More than one man aboard had avowed that, if he could once again reach land, he would lead a different life. (How often troubles lead men to think, at last, of better things!) And now a fire broke out in the hold.

The *Yokohama* had aboard a heavy consignment of kerosene oil; and a fire meant almost certain death to all on board. A strong force of firefighters was therefore set to work in a frantic effort to smother the flames before they would reach the cargo of oil.

Captain Mann, in charge of the vessel, was a Christian, a person of few words, and a man whose personality commanded the respect and even the admiration of his men. He was courteous, brave, temperate, refined, a striking exception to the rank and file of the crew that manned the ship. For more



than thirty years, he had been in command at sea; but this was his first experience with a burning vessel.

*The cry of "Fire!"* had called forth the strongest that was in him. Though his nature almost staggered at the peril of the situation, he calmly but quickly placed every man at his post; and every man fought with confidence because of something that Captain Mann possessed in this period of danger. Harold Wilson, in particular, took note of the spirit of courage and confidence shown by him.

But suddenly the captain disappeared. And, almost as suddenly, a new emergency compelled the first mate to call for his assistance. Harold Wilson was dispatched to find him.

Livid with fear, the young man hastened to the captain's room. The door stood ajar. He was about to call out his message, when a voice from within checked him. What was it he heard? *It was the voice of prayer!*

To make certain, he pushed the door a bit farther open; and, lo, there was the captain on his knees, his Bible open before him, his face turned upward. The throbbing of the engines and the general excitement aboard had caused Harold's coming to be unnoticed; and thus the captain continued his prayer, while Harold seemed spellbound and unable to do aught but listen.

#### **CAPTAIN MANN'S PRAYER ANSWERED**

The prayer touched a responsive chord. Why should it not? It was a prayer that the God of the Bible would fulfill His promise and save the lives of the crew; and Harold Wilson was one whose life was

in the balance. For the first time in his career, he was glad to see a praying man.

Captain Mann's Bible refuge was Psalms 107:23-31. This assurance was his comfort now. Whether storm or fire, it mattered not; God would bring them "out of their distresses," "unto their desired haven." This was the promise which Harold Wilson heard Captain Mann plead.

But strange to say, Psalms 107:23-31 was one of the passages Mrs. Wilson had marked in the Bible given her son. Was the captain's prayer to be answered?

Harold had only a moment to wait; for Captain Mann was soon on his feet and hastening back to his perilous duty. Harold made known his message and also rushed again to his post. The fire had been gaining headway rapidly, despite the most heroic resistance. The vessel seemed doomed. In a few minutes, the vast cargo of oil must ignite; and then all would be over.

But now a great explosion took place. The closed hatches were almost blown from the deck. The crew were terror-stricken, not knowing that the oil was already in the grip of the fire.

What had happened?—Ah, one of those providential things which only the Christian can understand. A large steampipe had burst, and was now pouring an immense volume of superheated water and steam into the hold during the very point of greatest danger. An unseen hand had assumed control; and very soon the volumes of black smoke gave place to clouds of white steam. And the fighters knew that the salvation of the ship was assured. So won-

derful did it all seem, that the crew were not slow to express their astonishment and gratitude.

“Do yez belave, Captain, that the Big Mon had somethin’ to do with it?” inquired a rough Irishman, Pat Moran by name.

Captain Mann had perhaps erred in his views regarding religious life, in that he held it unnecessary to talk to his men about Christianity and allowed them to discover what they could about his ideas from what he actually lived before them. But now he was drawn out to confess his faith.

“Men,” said he, “that steampipe was broken by the hand of the Almighty. It did not merely ‘happen.’ *There is a God who hears and answers prayer.* He has promised to help men who go to sea; and today He has kept His word.”

Harold’s marked Bible, like an unwelcome spirit, seemed to haunt him as he listened.

“But say, Captain, do yez raily belave what yer sayin’?” Pat spoke again.

“Ah, my boy, I have believed for many long years.”

“But where did yez get the idee? Where has the Big Mon told yez that He would take care of us poor lunatics?”

“*Pat, I had a good mother, who taught me to pray to God up in heaven.* She taught me, also, to read the Bible, the Book that God helped good men write. In that Book, He tells us that we all belong to Him, that we are to obey Him, and that He will take care of us. He says He will save men who are in trouble while traveling the seas. Did you never see a Bible, Pat?”

“Shure, an’ I niver did,” he exclaimed; “but,

belave me, I would like to put the eye of me on such a wurruk.”

#### **HIS MOTHER'S INFLUENCE FOLLOWS HIM**

Again Harold Wilson was ill at ease. A good mother, a God, a Bible, an answered prayer,—all these thoughts were as goads which hurt, and which hurt deeply.

*Had he not a good mother? Had she not taught him to believe in God and to pray? Had she not often appealed to him to read the Bible and to obey its precepts? —Yes, all this and much more.*

Pat Moran, and others at this time off duty, accepted Captain Mann's invitation to go to his room and look at the promise which that day had saved the lives of all on board. Harold went with them. The Bible lay open on the table near the door.

*“There, men, is the Book my mother taught me to love,”* said the captain; “and right there is the promise which put out the fire and save your lives and mine,” reading to them, as he spoke, the Scripture which for a long time had been his refuge.

Harold looked searchingly into the captain's face. *What a good face!* How clean looking and how free from coarseness! Honesty, sincerity, nobility, were to be traced in every furrow. *And this was a man of the Bible*, a practical, helpful, wholehearted sea captain. There could be no doubt that here was a demonstration of the truth of Christianity; and it most powerfully appealed to all those hardened men who, that evening, stood in the captain's room. It appealed to Harold. Would he yield?

A storm of conflicting emotions raged in his breast. Alternately he inclined to good and to evil.

Quickly filling his mouth with a chew of plug tobacco, he hastened from the room to his own part of the vessel; and, nervously throwing open his box, he snatched up the Bible given him by his mother and tried to find the verses that the captain had just read. He finally found them.

In the margin, he read these words from his mother's pen: "I shall ever pray that this promise may be your refuge at sea, to save you from storm or accident."

He closed the Book and angrily threw it down—angry to think that he had not succeeded in getting beyond the reach of his mother's influence. The entire experience was as a nightmare.

But again he was impelled to seize the Book. He wanted to make note of this and that passage which he had once read and which were now underscored for his benefit. The last that attracted his attention was Exodus 20:8-11; and here was written in the margin: "Honor all God's commandments, and especially the fourth. It means the presence of God in your soul, a power to keep you upright."

Now to Harold Wilson, his mother's rest day had always been most detestable. He despised the thought of sacred time. He actually hated the restrictions it placed upon him.

No sooner, therefore, did he see this text and its accompanying statement, then he felt within him all the old-time antagonism and bitterness; and giving way to all his pent-up wrath, he sprang to his feet with a curse on his lips. And taking the Bible to the open door, he impetuously threw it far out into the sea.

“There, that ends this whole cursed business,” he muttered; and then, imagining that he had performed a praiseworthy act, he sauntered out on deck.

### *Chapter 3*

## *Sad News from Home*

“*Oh, Mother, Mother!*” Harold Wilson stood in the post office at Honolulu, holding in his hand a letter sent by an old friend in California. It read as follows:

“Friend Harold:

“We have been hoping for several weeks for your return home. We had heard indirectly that you were on the way home, and we were encouraged to believe you might come in time to be a support to your mother during her last illness.

“Several weeks ago she had a hard fall, superinducing pneumonia. She made a brave fight; but her anxiety over you, coupled with financial reverses, proved too much for her, and she passed away last Thursday.”

“Her last request was that I should write to you, and urge you not to forget the gift she placed in your box the day you left home. You will know, of course, to what she referred. She did not tell me its nature, but she did say that it took all she had in the world to get it for you.

“By the way, my boy, since you left us, I have

changed my whole course of life. No more drinking, gambling, or profanity for me. I am a Christian now and am enjoying life wonderfully.

“God bless you! Don’t be discouraged over your great loss. Live for Christ, and you will meet her again.

“I am sending this to Honolulu at a venture.

“Your one-time friend in booze, but now free,

“Howard Huffman.”

Yes, Harold had been working his way homeward. For many years he had been absent, during which time he had seen much of the world—visiting Australia, China, South Africa, South America, and Europe.

He had continued his hard life of drink and profanity, but always planning to do better when he saw his mother again. He had thrown overboard his beautiful Bible, in order to silence the voice of the Reprover; but never once had he seen a day of peace. Somehow the heartless ingratitude of that moment, when his anger caused him to destroy his mother’s gift, had become a tragedy which seemed to dog his every step and to bring him only defeat and failure in all he undertook.

Honolulu was “almost home” to him; and his heart was already beginning to enjoy a foretaste of the blessed reunion with Mother. Like the prodigal of the Scripture, he had formulated his confession; and he was confident that, restored to his mother, he should be able to “make good.”

One may easily understand, therefore, what were his feelings as the letter from home was placed in his hands—feelings of deep heart satisfaction at what

it might contain.

But how cruel was the disappointment! The words, "She passed away last Thursday," fell upon his soul as a bolt of lightning from out the blue. He was stunned. The letter fell from his grasp.

"Oh, Mother, Mother!" he cried, forgetting that all around him were strangers, from whom he must hide his grief. And then under his breath he said, "*You wanted to help me, you could have helped me; but now you're gone, gone, g-o-n-e.*"

#### GRIEF DROVE HIM DOWNWARD

Harold picked up the letter and hurried into the street, and down to the launch that was to convey him to his vessel.

"*Harold Wilson, what will you do now? Will you be a man, as you ought to be, or will you absolutely and perhaps forever throw yourself away?*" Such were the questions that some good spirit whispered in his ear as he boarded the ship which was to sail next day.

The answer was at once forthcoming; but, sad to say, it was an answer dictated by his lower nature.

As with many others, inability on Harold's part to carry out his plan made him desperate and often apparently irresponsible. He had been acknowledging the existence of God; and he had planned that when with his mother he would lead a better life. But this thwarting of plans angered him; and he now determined to go deeper into wickedness than ever before.

"There is no God. If there is, He didn't bring me back to my mother, and I hate Him. He hates me,



because He robs me of my mother at the very time I need her. Oh, I'll show Him, if He lives, that Harold Wilson can outdo Him. If He won't let me do right, why, I'll do my best at doing wrong."

And surely it seemed that, from that day forward, he succeeded in fitting his life to his resolution; for, upon reaching San Francisco, he abandoned himself to a course of riotous pleasure, licentiousness, and crime. His companions were of the baser elements of the city, versed in the business of lawbreaking, even to the extent of staining their hands with the blood of their fellow men.

#### **SUSPECTED OF MURDER**

Howard Huffman, the writer of the message sent to Honolulu, was now living in Oakland, just across the bay from San Francisco. Picking up the morning *Chronicle*, he glanced over the headlines. His eye was held by the following:

"*Murder in the Mission District. Harold Wilson, a Sailor, Held as a Suspect. Police Sure They Have the Right Man, an Old Criminal.*"

Mr. Huffman paled and dropped his paper.

"An old criminal." Yes, he knew it to be true; for in that robbery of many years before, he himself had been associated. And now Harold had returned to continue his course in crime. What should he do?

Fearing to breathe to his young wife the cause of his agitation, he hurriedly donned his coat and hat and left the house.

The Huffman home was now recognized as one of the happiest as well as one of the finest in the city of Oakland. Mr. Huffman was well-known through-

out the city as a man of sterling integrity and large business acumen; and prosperity had smiled upon him from the first day that he turned his feet to the way of Christianity. The past had been forgotten, but not until Mr. Huffman had made restitution, so far as he could, for everything he had ever taken from a fellow man. He had gone to the man whose home he and Harold Wilson had entered; and he confessed his part and paid back, with compound interest, the money he had taken.

Why, then, should he be anxious?—Ah, for Harold's sake! He had trusted that God would help him to redeem his old pal, in sin, and lead him to be a fellow worker in righteousness. But Harold had fallen even lower. Perhaps the uncorrected and unforgiven past, now coming to light, would serve to defeat the purpose he had in mind.

Arriving in San Francisco, Mr. Huffman hastened to the police station and asked to interview the prisoner; and his name gave him easy access.

What a picture met his gaze as he looked upon his companion of former years! Brutality seemed stamped upon every feature. But the adage, "So long as there's life, there's hope," buoyed him up; and with loving interest, he sought to have Harold understand that he still trusted him and would stand by him in this hour of need.

Inquiry revealed the fact that Harold had not actually had a part in the murder; yet the circumstances were such as to cause the hand of the law to be laid heavily upon him. Howard Huffman now endeavored to lighten the penalty.

The story of the steps he took to secure his end

need not be given. Suffice it to say here that Harold Wilson received freedom only on condition that he leave the country for five years; and, with the admonition that, when he should return, it must be with a recommendation of good behavior from his employers.

These conditions made him almost "a man without a country"; and they seemed hard indeed to meet. But, through Howard Huffman's encouragement, he determined to try.

Harold secured a position as common sailor on the *Tenyo Maru*, which sailed from San Francisco to Singapore one week later; but little did he suspect that the captain of that vessel was his old friend, Captain Mann, of the trip of many years before.

#### **THE MARKED BIBLE RESTORED**

Leaving the Huffman home in Oakland, Harold headed for San Francisco where his ship lay at the wharf, ready to leave on the morrow. As he passed into the waiting room at the Oakland mole, he observed a "Free Literature" distribution center. But, off by itself, away on a shelf, away from the free literature at this booth—was a Bible; and seeing it, he was struck with its likeness to the one his mother had given him.

Taking the Good Book from its place, he opened it; and, lo, found it to be *marked!* And it was not only marked, but marked much as the other had been marked! *It is as if it had been restored!*

Forgetting all else,—forgetting that he was waiting for the ferryboat, that he was a man banished because of crime, and that he was an almost helpless wreck of humanity,—he sank into a seat; and,

for a long hour, he searched back and forth through that Bible. Yes, *many of the same texts were marked*; and opposite the message of Exodus 20:8-11 were these words written in the margin: "God's blessing upon the Sabbath is His presence in the Sabbath. He who keeps Sabbath has God's presence in the heart; and all who have His presence will delight to keep Sabbath. Isaiah 58:13-14." *How much this sounded like his mother!* And there was Psalm 107:23-31 marked with red ink, the only text marked in red by his dear mother.

He was deeply stirred. A tear stole down his cheek. A vision of a new life floated before him. And, in it all, his mother spoke again; and the Christ she loved made His appeal to a lost soul.

"This Bible! Oh mother, may I take it with me? How can I go without it? *It was marked for me.* Surely it must have been. Mother, did *you* mark *this Bible* too?" He spoke thus to himself aloud.

"Friend,"—a voice spoke from behind,—"take the Book. *It was marked for you.* Take it; and God bless you with a knowledge of its truth and give you a Christian life."

Startled and embarrassed, Harold turned himself, but only to be comforted. The kind face of a father and friend beamed upon him.

He quickly arose and, addressing the stranger, said: "Do you mean it, Sir? *May I have this Bible?* But, Sir, I have no money with which to pay for it."

"That matters nothing; my friend. I represent a people who love God's Word, and who are seeking to carry its truth to the whole world. They will be happy to know that this Book is keeping company

with one in need. But what did you mean by referring to another marked Bible? —Pardon my overhearing.”

He was in the company of a true friend; and, with brokenness of heart, he told the whole sad story of his battle against his mother, the Bible, and God, and particularly how he had thrown into the sea the sacred gift of his mother’s sacrifice and love.

Only a brief interview was possible; but, during the few minutes that the two men spent together, Harold Wilson caught a glimpse of the plan of salvation. He saw God’s law in its completeness. He saw sin as its transgression. He saw Christ as the One who redeems from the curse.

A word of prayer was offered for Harold by that friend and father—a prayer which he would never forget. Especially did he take to heart this sentence: “Give him rest, Lord, from all evil habits.” Of course, it seemed a strange idea, but only to be the longer remembered.

“On what vessel do you sail, young man?” asked the old gentleman as they were parting.

“The *Tenyo Maru*, Sir.”

“Ah, that is interesting! She sails tomorrow. Some friends of mine have engaged passage on her, and you must be sure to meet them.”

With the treasured Bible in his grip, Harold was soon aboard the ferry. Great experiences were in store for him.

## Chapter 4

# Headed to the Orient

“Almost eight years,” thought Harold, “Eight years, almost to a day, since I left here on the *Yokohama* for Melbourne!” The *Tenyo Maru* had just slipped her cables, and was gliding out onto San Francisco Bay, on her long journey to Japan.

“How well I remember that May morning of eight years ago, when a drunkard, a criminal, a hardened and unhappy wretch, I went to sea to escape justice and to rid myself of Mother’s pleadings!

“How well I remember the something that made me want to go back to home and Mother, that something which I fought off until I cared for nothing but drink, profanity, and evil company!”

And how vividly I recall the day of the fire, when I found Captain Mann praying, asking God to deliver us from explosion and death!

“Yes, and I remember all too well that hateful minute when I threw my Bible overboard. *Oh God, help me! Why did I do it?* I wish I could forget it.

“Now I am starting on another trip, not because I wish, but because I must. I am compelled to leave America, to remain away until I have demonstrated that I am a man worth trusting. But I have no mother and no friends, I guess.

“No friends? *Yes, I have one—I have that Bible.* It seems like Mother to me. I just feel, somehow,

that it is going to help me to be a better man.

“That old man at the pier was a good man. He seemed to understand me. When he prayed, something gripped my heart; and, when he told me I could take the Bible with me, I made up my mind really to try to be decent. I really thought I could be.

“But he certainly did say some funny things. I never heard anything like them before. Yes, yes, I did. I remember that Mother used to tell me that we ought to keep the Ten Commandments, all of them. And she said she didn’t understand why it was that Christian people kept Sunday when the commandments say we should observe the seventh day. But that old gentleman actually keeps the day Mother thought people ought to keep!

“The queer thing about this whole business is the Bible he gave me. In the first place, it looks like the one I threw away; and besides, it is marked almost the same—the same texts, the same kind of ink, explanations in the margin, and a message written on the flyleaf. *But—what’s that!*” He now spoke aloud.

From the thoughts of his important duties (he had been assigned a position on the main deck, forward); and, from the reflections regarding his past life, he had suddenly been aroused by a voice which seemed like a ghost of times long since gone.

He glanced back; but, seeing no one, he concluded he must have been mistaken.

But again he heard it! And this time, he looked toward the bridge. *There stood Captain Mann!*

#### **CAPTAIN MANN WARNS HAROLD**

Yes, it was the same old captain, the hero of the

*Yokohama*; and now he was in command of this large, transpacific passenger liner.

Harold Wilson was almost overcome with emotion. His heart palpitated with joy. Deep in his heart there was something which seemed to tell him that, during this journey across the sea, he was to learn the secret of a better life and that the man of prayer on the bridge had been given to aid him.

It was several days before the opportunity came to the young man to meet and greet the man he had so much revered. But duty finally brought them into contact; and Harold fairly rushed to grasp the captain's hand.

*"Captain Mann! Thank God for the chance to sail with you again!"*

The captain's big, wholehearted hand gladly grasped Harold's, reciprocating fully the spirit of good will evinced; but his face wore a puzzled look.

"My young man, why do you thank God? When I knew you, you had no regard for God."

"Yes, Captain; but I have fought long enough what I know is right. I want to find God and know Him just as you did that day the fire broke out on the *Yokohama*. I want to know and serve Him just as my mother did. Do you remember the talk you gave us about the Bible and its promises?"

"Yes, young man, I recall the whole experience. But I have no memory that you got any good from it."

"That is true, Captain; for that very day, I went and hatefully threw into the sea the Bible my dear Mother gave me. And she had marked it for me, too. Do you know, she had marked in it *that very*



verse that you said saved us from the fire!

“But, Captain Mann, I have another Bible, *and one that is marked*. That verse in the Psalms is marked, the Ten Commandments are marked, yes, and a great number of other texts!”

“Where did you find such a Bible, my boy?” the captain kindly inquired.

Then Harold told the sad story of his mother’s death, his abandonment to sin, his arrest, his sentence, and the discovery of the Bible, and the meeting of the old gentleman at the Oakland pier.

“Oh, yes,” said the captain, “I know of that gentleman. He belongs to a very peculiar people who keep Saturday instead of Sunday; and he has placed in the reading room of this vessel a large number of papers and leaflets for the benefit of our passengers and crew.”

“Well, Captain, he found me reading the Bible at the pier; and, when he saw that I was longing for it, he let me bring it with me. I tell you, he was the best man I ever met. He understood me. And, when I told him how far down I had gone, he had a little tear for me and prayed that I might find deliverance from all my wrong habits and have rest in Christ. What he said to me seemed to open up the whole plan of right living; and I made up my mind to try to be a better man. *And I want you to help me, Captain.*”

“I certainly will do my best to aid you to become a Christian; but I fear I shall not be able to help you to believe as that old gentleman believes; for I think he is wrong about the keeping of Saturday. There are a number of his people aboard the vessel, though—missionaries to China—and they will help you.

But look out, my boy, and don't go wild."

With these few words, the captain passed on, while the subject of this story continued his duties. But many queries began to arise in his mind.

"What did he mean by saying they are wrong? How are they peculiar? And how could I 'go wild' by meeting them and having them help me? I don't believe that old gentleman would ever make anybody wild." Thus Harold reasoned to himself.

## *Chapter 5*

# *Searching*

The *Tenyo Maru* had been plowing her way through the waters for at least a week, when one day a pleasant looking man came up to Harold; and, without introduction, he very kindly asked him if he was a Christian. This was the first time in all his life that such a question had been brought home to him. But though greatly astonished, Harold was pleased to be thus directly questioned.

"No, Sir," he replied, "I am not; but I am just now thinking I ought to be. And what is your name, Sir?"

"My name is Anderson."

"Are you one of the missionaries going to China, Sir?"

"Yes; and why do you ask?"

"Well, Captain Mann has told me that there were missionaries aboard, and I have been wanting to see one of them and ask some questions. You see, I

have with me a Bible given me by an old gentleman at Oakland pier. This Bible is marked. It is marked almost the same as one my Christian mother gave me; but I threw it into the sea because I hated Christianity. The markings in this second Bible therefore takes me back to my old home, to things my mother said, and I want someone to help me know how to begin a true Christian life."

"Is your name Wilson, my young friend," the gentleman inquired. "Harold Wilson?"

"Yes, Sir; but how did you learn my name?"

"It is a rather strange story, but I will tell you. A few days before I left Oakland, I saw in a San Francisco paper the report of a certain trial, that of a young man by the name of Wilson, who had been sentenced, because of some wrongdoing, to a five-year absence from the country. The reporter made a note of various extenuating circumstances; of a good mother's dying prayer; and of the hope of strong, good friends that the young man would turn to and become an honor to his parents. Both of his parents had devotedly given him to God. It was stated that the young man would have a position aboard the *Tenyo Maru*, the vessel on which I was to make my trip to the Orient; and I determined to try to meet him and help him if I could."

#### HIS MOTHER'S PASTOR

Harold carefully eyed this new friend; for had not Captain Mann cautioned him against being led off into wild notions? Yet Mr. Anderson had a good face, a sincere expression, and an apparently unselfish interest. And, really, it seemed to Harold that it was more than a mere happening that he had been

led to meet him.

“You did not know my mother, did you? She was a great believer in doing just what the Bible says, and was always urging me to follow it. She lived in San Francisco.”

“Was her first name Helen?” Mr. Anderson inquired.

“Yes, yes! Did you know her?”

“My boy, your mother was a member of my church. As her pastor, I have more than once heard her tell of her wandering child and of her constant prayer that he would one day become acquainted with the Lord Jesus. She told of the Bible she had purchased, of the messages she had written, of the texts she had marked, of the explanations she had placed in the margins. She believed it would one day touch his heart. But, for long years, she heard nothing from him; and finally she gave him up as lost at sea. When stricken down with illness and on her deathbed, she phoned the old brother whom you met at the Oakland pier, and asked him to place in the hands of the distributor another Bible, marked as she had marked that one year before. And are you her son, Harold?”

“Indeed I am, Sir; and now I believe you have been sent to show me the way to Christ. Oh, Mr. Anderson, if there is a remedy for my follies, *I want it*; and I want it now! I’m a thief, a drunkard, a gambler, a wretch without a country, a sinner without a God. *Can you help me?*”

The finding of Harold Wilson seemed so wonderfully beautiful to Mr. Anderson, so providential, so timely, that his faith laid hold upon the promise

of God; and in a wise, tactful, soul-winning way, he led him to the Master's feet. The surrender was complete, founded on an intelligent grasp of revealed truth from God's Word; and the young man was happy in God.

When the story of Harold's life and conversion came to be known, he was pointed out by both passengers and crew as "the man with the marked Bible."

Captain Mann, while a devoted Christian, was nevertheless quite limited in his knowledge of the Word and therefore a bit narrow. Thus it was that he now became much concerned lest Harold should be deluded by the "false teachings" of Mr. Anderson, and especially when he learned of the frequent appointments Harold was making with him; and he sought to counteract the pastor's influence.

"What does this mean?" thought Harold to himself, as he meditated upon Captain Mann's opposition. "Here are two good men, both of whom seem honest; yet each one is certain that the other is wrong. I am sure Captain Mann had his prayers answered and saved my life, and I am sure Mr. Anderson has had his prayers answered in leading me to be a Christian. What shall I do? I certainly cannot follow both; for they seem to be going in opposite directions.

"But, after all, I'll do what my mother used to urge me to do. *I'll just have to take the Bible for myself.*"

Good sense! Few surely will miss the way of life who choose to follow the Word itself rather than men.

Another thing Harold had to settle was the com-

parative value of having sincerity with having a knowledge of the Scriptures. Mr. Anderson and Captain Mann were undoubtedly equally sincere; but, in acquaintance with the Word, they were as giant and pygmy; and this Harold soon recognized. He therefore could not do other than take the counsel of him who was "mighty in the Scriptures"; for his counsel was drawn from the right source.

But, if the captain lacked in knowledge, he did not lack in an enthusiastic interest to see that Harold did not become "entangled with false ideas about the Sabbath." It came to pass, however, that his very earnest efforts, to save the young man from delusion, only hastened forward the work of truth which God desired to have wrought.

"Young man" (this was the captain's favorite form of address), "let me counsel you again to be careful about this matter of the day you keep."

"But, Captain Mann, why do you speak this way? No one has said anything to me about keeping Saturday."

"Well, you will find that Mr. Anderson will soon be telling you that, if you are to live a Christian life, you must keep the day that his church keeps. He will tell you that Sunday isn't mentioned in the Bible, and—

"This was the first time Harold had ever heard this about Sunday; and of course, he was at once interested. He therefore interrupted with the question:

"Really, Captain, is Sunday not spoken of in the Bible? I shall be glad to have you show me the matter as it is before Mr. Anderson gets to it, if you

think best.”

“All right; come in this evening, and I will show you that Mr. Anderson’s church is wrong.”

*Chapter 6*

*A Startled  
Captain*

“*That makes me think,*” said Harold as the captain passed on. “I remember that he told me they had put aboard a supply of reading matter. I wonder if there is anything about Sunday. I will ask Mr. Anderson about it.” He found him aft.

“Mr. Anderson, do you suppose your people have placed aboard this vessel, with other literature, anything about Sunday?”

“Why, yes, Harold, I presume they have. But what causes you to be interested about Sunday? You keep Sunday, do you not?”

“Oh yes; but you see, Captain Mann is afraid that I will not keep on in that way; and tonight he is going to show me that the Bible says Sunday is the right day. He said you would soon be telling me that Sunday is not mentioned in the Bible, and he wants to prove that it is. Of course, I think I should find out all I can for myself before I meet him this evening. What should I look for?”

“Well, there are several little leaflets you may well-read, such as *Which Day Do You Keep, and Why?*”

and *Sunday in the New Testament*. I think you will find them in that supply. However, if you do not, come to me, and I will try to assist you."

#### NOWHERE IN THE CONCORDANCE

While Harold was searching for these leaflets, Captain Mann had found a bit of leisure time for putting into shape the thoughts he would present to Harold. He thought he knew in general what would aid the young man, so he set about to find the specific texts he would use.

It had been several years since the question of the Sabbath had agitated him; and never, in fact, had he attempted to locate the passages in which the word, "Sunday," occurred. He felt quite certain, though, that they were in the Gospels and in the story of the resurrection. But, after much careful searching, he did not find what he was after.

"I have probably forgotten the connections," he said to himself, as he turned to his concordance.

But even *Cruden's Concordance*, for some reason, had overlooked the Sunday passages. To be sure, Cruden did not profess to give every word in the Bible.

"Sunday, S-u-n-d-a-y—*where did I see it?*" he said. "The young man will think it very strange of me to call him in here to do something I cannot do."

Then a happy thought occurred to him. "There is Mr. Mitchell, an old orthodox minister. I will ask him, and also get other helpful information."

The good Mr. Mitchell welcomed the captain to his stateroom, pleased to be honored by a call from the highly respected captain.

"Pardon me, Mr. Mitchell," the captain said, "*but*



*I am here to ask a personal favor.* As you know, we have on board, as a member of my crew, a young man who has just experienced a very remarkable conversion. You may have heard him mentioned as 'the man with the marked Bible.' He has an interesting history. We also have aboard, as a passenger, a certain Pastor Mr. Anderson, of the seventh-day people, who seems to have this young man under his influence, and who, I am sure, will sooner or later seek to trouble him over the Sabbath matter. So I am taking an interest in the case. I have asked the young man to call on me this evening, and I have promised to show him that Sunday is the true day of worship. Now what I wish you to do is put me in touch with all the texts in which Sunday is mentioned."

#### **HAD THE CAPTAIN BEEN DECEIVED?**

Was it a smile, a frown, or a look of disappointment and chagrin that stole over Mr. Mitchell's face as he heard the captain's request? Whatever it was, it did not express pleasure.

"Captain," said he, "*there are no such texts.* You will have to acknowledge that the word, 'Sunday,' is not between the two lids of the Book of God."

"But, Mr. Mitchell, I could almost take an oath that I have seen it and read it."

"Not in the Bible, Captain. You will find mention, a few times, of the first day of the week, but not of Sunday. —And even the first day of the week is not spoken of as being sacred. You have undertaken a difficult task in attempting to show reasons for Sundaykeeping from the Scriptures."

Though he had lived sixty years, Captain Mann

had never heard even a hint of this which Mr. Mitchell had now so boldly asserted. *Captain Mann was shocked*, if not almost stunned. It could not be true, he reasoned. Was he himself the deluded one? He hesitated.

Mr. Mitchell was a man of brilliant intellect. For more than thirty years, he had stood before the public; and he was known in both the West and Orient as a fearless defender of the church and its work. With infidel, with atheist, with foe within and without the church, he had never feared to battle; and he had not failed to win laurels.

However, he had always, and consistently, refused to enter into argument with the Sabbath-keepers; for he knew the impossibility of making good his case. It was only logical, therefore, that he addressed the captain as he did; and he bluntly stated the truth he knew.

Seeing that the captain had been greatly perturbed by his plain matter-of-fact statement, he proceeded to explain why, *without a "Thus saith the Lord,"* he could still observe the first day of the week.

#### **CUSTOM, THE ONLY BASIS**

"Captain," he continued, "any reliable student of church history will tell you that *there is only one foundation for our practice* of Sunday worship; and that is the custom of the early church.

"Both Christ and His apostles, and those immediately associated with them, believed in and practiced the observance of the seventh day of the week, the Sabbath of the fourth commandment. Actually, it was not until *several hundred years after Christ*, that there was any such thing known as a sacred

regard for Sunday as we know it today.

“The change was brought about gradually, through the influence of churchmen; but we must not suppose that they had divine sanction for it. It was simply the outgrowth of a change in the spirit of the times.

“Over and over again I have had to tell my friends *in private* what I have said to you. And I have said to them what I must now say to you also,—that though the change came about in a way with which we might not really agree, yet it came; and *the only reasonable course for us to take is to endorse it* as we go along with God’s great church to evangelize the world. It is too late now to attempt a reformation.

“And now a bit of advice: *Give the matter a wide berth.* The agitation of the question only creates many embarrassing situations and gives the few who still believe in the absolute requirements of the moral law an opportunity to advance their arguments, which are practically unanswerable. I think you will readily see my point. Deftly turn the young man aside with the thought that God is love, that He has led His church throughout the ages, and still leads it, and that while we may not be able to explain all, we may safely go ahead with the great work of preaching Christ, and wait another time to have some of our queries removed. This usually satisfies, and undoubtedly will in this case.”

“Thank you, Doctor,” was the captain’s response as he politely withdrew and returned to his stateroom.

**THE CAPTAIN ACKNOWLEDGES HIS ERROR**

Meanwhile Harold Wilson had been finding some very interesting material regarding the origin of Sunday observance, though it did not mean as much to him at that time as it did later. His spiritual eyes were just beginning to find an opening, and he saw but little. However, he was blessed by what he did discover, and had become anxious to meet the captain and hear what he would say.

Mr. Anderson smiled, yet seriously, at what the captain had thought to do. Thousands of equally honest and devoted men had attempted the same thing before, but only to find and obey the truth or else plunge deeply into willing ignorance and dishonest opposition. He was much interested to hear what Captain Mann would say.

Ill at ease, indeed, was the captain; for not only had he been rudely awakened to the fact that he had long believed what was not true, but he had also been counseled by an ambassador of Christ to practice what seemed to him a kind of dishonesty. He had always prized his own sincerity, *and he would continue to do so*. This was his decision: He would meet Harold Wilson and acknowledge that there was no mention of Sunday in the Bible. Further than this he could not see; for he still believed, notwithstanding the minister, that Sunday was sacred.

Harold came with his Bible in his hand, with leaflets in his pockets, with the beginnings of truth in his soul. He seated himself with an air of expectancy.

“Young man,”—the captain came at once to the

point,—“I want to tell you, right at the first, *that I have been mistaken* in regard to Sunday’s being mentioned in the Bible. It isn’t there. The first day of the week is spoken of *a great number of times*; and it was this I had in mind. So I acknowledge my error.

“But my mistake does not alter the fact that I believe the Lord Jesus must have changed the day and that His apostles afterwards looked upon the first day of the week, the day of the resurrection, as the Lord’s day, and held their meetings on that day.”

“How many times, Captain, do you think the first day is mentioned?”

“Oh, a great many times, I should naturally suppose! Of course, I cannot give the exact number.”

Harold pulled from his pocket a small leaflet and proceeded to read from it.

“This shows that it is mentioned *only eight times*, and that in not one case is it spoken of as sacred. Maybe this isn’t true; but it gives the references and asks us to look them up. Here they are: Matthew 28:1; Mark 16:2, 9; Luke 24:1; John 20:1, 19; Acts 20:7; and 1 Corinthians 16:2. I checked in a concordance and could not find any more. Suppose we read them, Captain.”

#### **THE EIGHT TEXTS EXAMINED**

One by one the eight passages were found and read.

“Now, Captain, you are acquainted with the Bible and I am not. You must therefore let me ask a few questions, in order that I may find out what I want to know. So will you please tell me *which of these references show that the first day of the week took*

*the place of the seventh as the Sabbath day?"*

Captain Mann pointed to the meeting of the apostles on the resurrection day, and said: "*It seems clear that they were holding some kind of service in honor of His resurrection; for it says (Luke 24:36) that Jesus stood in the midst of them and said, 'Peace be unto you.'* At this time, He breathed upon them the Holy Ghost and sent them forth to preach that He was risen. Do you not think this a reasonable explanation?"

"That sounds all right, Captain; but here is something you overlooked." Again Harold referred to the leaflet. "I see here that, when the disciples met that night, they were having their supper (Mark 16:14); and, when Jesus came, they gave Him some broiled fish and some honeycomb (Luke 24:42). So they had just been eating a regular meal. They had the doors barred for fear of the Jews (John 20:19). That's why they were there—to hide out. *They were not celebrating; for they did not yet believe Christ was risen.* For, when He appeared to them, they were terrified, thinking they saw a spirit (Luke 24:37). And then Christ reproved them because they believed not (Mark 16:14); and He only said, 'Peace be unto you,' to calm their fears. Besides all this, Thomas didn't believe in the resurrection for a number of days later. John 20:24-27."

#### **RESOLVES TO GET TO THE BOTTOM**

"Really, Captain, they couldn't have been celebrating the resurrection when they didn't believe in it, could they?"

"Young man, where did you get all this? I never heard these things before. But I must say you seem

to be right. I have to be honest. *Whatever I do, I must be honest with myself!*

“There is another text, though, one that we read, which clearly teaches that the believers in the apostles’ time observed the first day of the week. Look at Acts 20 again. Here *it plainly states that they met on the first day of the week to break bread.*”

Again the young convert turned to the leaflet in his hand and then said: “Captain, *that meeting must have been on Saturday night*; for it was on the dark part of the first day of the week. And the dark part of the day comes first (Genesis 1:5, 8, etc.). That is because God commanded that each new day start at sunset, not at dawn. ‘From even unto even, shall ye celebrate your sabbath’ (Leviticus 23:32).

“That night, Paul preached until midnight because he was going to Assos the next morning (Acts 20:7-8). Then he ate his supper (verse 11); talked on till daylight; and then, during the light part of Sunday, he walked nineteen miles across the isthmus to Assos. He surely didn’t keep the day as a sacred day.

“It rather looks as though it was a special meeting, called at an irregular time in order to accommodate Paul; and the breaking of bread was to satisfy hunger rather than to commemorate the Lord’s death.

“Later that week, on Tuesday, Paul held another meeting (Acts 20:17-18); so just because a meeting was held did not make the day sacred.”

At this point, the gong sounded for change of watch, and Harold hastened away to duty.

Captain Mann seemed almost dazed. The thought

of having been wrong in his ideas for so many years and that Mr. Mitchell (*a minister of the gospel*) had advised him to close his eyes to admitted errors was almost too much for him.

“Can it be,” he said aloud to himself, “that I am wrong also in other things? If I could be so entirely out of line concerning those simple texts regarding the resurrection, then it may be that in other matters not so simple I may be still farther away from the right.

“Very shortly, if God permits it, I shall have another interview with Mr. Mitchell. I intend to get at the bottom of this thing.”

## *Chapter 7*

# *Not a Clear Answer*

*It was no idle resolution* which Captain Mann formed when he determined to go again to Mr. Mitchell in order to get to the bottom of some of the matters that were agitating his mind; and, after leaving Honolulu, he found his opportunity.

The *Tenyo Maru* was one of the largest and finest passenger vessels that plied the waters of the Pacific, and the responsibilities of its captain were tremendous in both their number and their weight. There was not an hour of the day or of the night when he was out from under the burden of his vessel's care. Nevertheless, Captain Mann was able to maintain his interest in the needs of his passengers. His kindly presence and unselfish helpfulness



was always appreciated.

Never before, however, had he been so stirred by any question, personal or otherwise, as by this which had arisen over the experience of Harold Wilson. At every hour of the day, it pressed in upon his mind; and each day he sought opportunity to investigate and pray about it. In fact, it had brought a crisis into his life, *which he felt that he must meet*.

For many years, he had set apart as special a small portion of each day for Bible reading and prayer. One afternoon, when the hour for personal devotion came and he was about to enter his state-room, he met Mr. Mitchell. This was the time, he reasoned, to carry out his purpose; and the two were soon seated and engaged in conversation.

#### **THE CAPTAIN CORNERS THE PREACHER**

"Mr. Mitchell," said the captain, "*do you believe in the binding moral obligations of the Ten Commandments?*"

"Yes, Captain, I most certainly do."

"*Do you endorse the idea that the Bible, as a whole, is the authoritative Word of God, given by Inspiration as our guide?*"

"Most assuredly. There is no other safe position to take. No man who allows himself to discount any portion of the good old Book can meet the attacks of the atheist or the infidel."

"Pardon me, Doctor; but may I ask then, pointedly, how you harmonize this view with your statement of yesterday, that we had better ignore the question of the Sabbath and go on quietly in the keeping of Sunday, though admitting there is no Bible foundation for doing so? It seems to me you play fast

and loose.”

“Well, Captain, when I say that I believe in the binding moral obligations of the Ten Commandments, I must except the fourth, for this is not moral in the same sense as are the other nine. The claims of the Sabbath commandment are satisfied just as fully by setting apart the first day of the week as of the seventh. The time feature of the fourth commandment is not necessarily moral.”

“Mr. Mitchell,” said the captain very earnestly, “do you mean to tell me that concrete terms, such as ‘The seventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God; in it thou shalt not do any work,’ *are not necessarily moral*? Has God no power to incorporate moral principle in the specific and limiting word, ‘seventh?’

#### **NOT JUST ANY MINUTE WILL DO**

“Let me illustrate my point: I have under me a large force of men manning this vessel. For the safety of all aboard, I am required to hold frequent fire drills, and I issue orders to the engineer to blow the fire whistle at twelve o’clock sharp Tuesday noon. Having done this, I arrange all my plans accordingly, making everything fit in to a particular minute. Supremely important is that minute to me, to my crew, to my passengers, and to my company. And that engineer is under solemn contract to carry out my instructions, whether or not my reasons are known or understood. In such case, you are bound to admit that *a moral obligation, of which time is almost the entire value, is binding an inferior to obey his superior*. And you will not even hint that the engineer or anyone else may reasonably or rightly

decide that some other minute will fulfill my purpose.

“The fourth commandment is the one commandment of all the ten, it seems to me, *that is most vitally charged with moral principle*, because of its specific time element. You see, men may differ over such matters as what constitutes a lie, or what is comprehended in hatred, or what is profanity; but they simply cannot argue over the meaning of such a term as ‘seventh.’

“Everyone knows we should not kill or steal. But the Sabbath commandment points us to just one day in the week. The day God has selected; not one we choose ourselves.

“Why, Mr. Mitchell, I was taught this by my mother; and all my life, I have found in the Sabbath commandment my strong fortress of absolute integrity. It has been righteousness expressed in figures; and figures are not very often found lying.

“Of course, *I have always believed that, when Jesus came, He changed the day* of rest from the seventh day of the week to the first. And this did not trouble me; for I believed that He who set apart the seventh day in olden time—at the Creation of the world—as a day of worship and rest, had a right to sanctify and bless the first day of the week in later time, just as I would have a right to change an appointment from noon on Tuesday to noon on Wednesday.

“But you are the first one to tell me that no moral value attaches to the matter of time. You are the first minister to put forth the idea that the fourth commandment is an exception, and that in a sense it is

*unmoral*. The whole Bible is inspired; yet you permit your human *reasoning* to nullify a portion of *the only words directly spoken by God Himself* to the human ear.

“Again I beg your pardon; but let me suggest this query: If, as you say, the Bible is the authoritative Word of God; if the Ten Commandments are unchangeably binding in their moral claims; if neither Jesus Christ nor His apostles made a change in the day of the Sabbath; if the observance of Sunday rests only on early custom,—if all these things be true, *then are you and I not under solemn covenant obligation to keep the fourth commandment?*”

“Mr. Mitchell, I did not accept your counsel of yesterday; and when I met the young man last evening, I was constrained to acknowledge myself mistaken. No man who recognizes that his soul is at stake in this great life game will ever knowingly do evil that good may come.

“I am still hoping to get hold of my evidence that, at the cross, a new era was introduced and that, since that time, the followers of Christ, under the new covenant, are to honor ‘the Lord’s day,’ the day of the resurrection. But mark this: If I find that in this too I have been mistaken, and that the Bible is silent concerning a change of the time of the Sabbath, I shall gladly and with all my heart take up my cross anew and keep the Sabbath, the seventh day.”

Apparently Mr. Mitchell was not disposed to take the captain’s earnest and logical remarks very seriously, and they were not allowed to banish his accustomed smile. When the captain had finished, the minister only said: “Well, you are surely my supe-

rior in argument, and I must attempt no reply. You may rest assured, though, that if you stand by your reasoning, you will be obliged to keep the Jewish Sabbath."

At this point, Mr. Mitchell found it necessary to be excused; and, with a cheerful "So long," he made his exit. The truth of the matter was that he felt himself distinctly embarrassed; and he wished to avoid further probing at the captain's hands.

### **THREE OTHER PREACHERS ABOARD**

As the minister withdrew, Harold Wilson called "Just a minute," to inform the captain that, since they had talked the day before, he had found "a lot of new things."

"Have you been talking to Pastor Anderson, young man?" the captain inquired.

"No; but I have been reading my Bible and talking to people I have met. And, Captain, *this Sabbath question is a mighty interesting subject. Everybody wants to know about it.* Did you know there are three other preachers aboard?"

The captain well knew this, but his experience with Mr. Mitchell had somewhat discouraged him.

"One of those preachers is a great talker, Captain. When he heard me talking to some of the men, he acted as though he had some bad blood. Why, he almost jumped at me, and said that anybody who kept the old Jewish Sabbath was 'almost a Christ killer,' if you know what that means.

"Well, I didn't know at first what to say, so I just let him talk on till I got my breath.

"By and by *I asked him what he meant by the Jewish Sabbath.*' I said, 'Do you mean the Sabbath

of the fourth commandment?’

“ ‘Yes, Sir,’ ” he said, ‘that’s exactly what I mean. The Ten Commandments were given to the Jews; and, when Christ came and died, they were all nailed to the cross. The Sabbath lived and died with that Christless nation.’

“Just then Mr. Anderson came along, and I just couldn’t help asking him what he thought. You see, I had never heard about a Jewish Sabbath or, in fact, any other particular kind of Sabbath; so I wanted to have the preachers make it clear.”

“The first thing Mr. Anderson did was to ask Mr. Spaulding why he called it *Jewish*.’

“ ‘Because, with all the other commandments of the old law, it was given to the Jews,’ he replied. ‘And that whole code was abolished at the cross.’ ”

“That is what I have always understood,” said the captain, interrupting Harold’s narration.

“But you’ll never believe it longer, I think,” said Harold, “after you’ve heard the story.

“Mr. Anderson asked, ‘*Do you believe, then, that today there is no law against stealing and murdering, and that there is no longer any obligation for children to honor their father and mother?*’

“Mr. Spaulding then said something that didn’t amount to much, for he seemed unable to explain; and Mr. Anderson inquired: ‘Brother, what do you preach to people when you wish them to accept Christ? Do you not tell them they are sinners? You certainly do; but the moment you say this, you are denying your theory; *for men are sinners only when they have transgressed the law*. Paul says, you know, that ‘sin is not imputed when there is no law.’

“A crowd began to gather while Mr. Anderson was speaking, and Mr. Spaulding asked to be excused. But we all insisted he ought to help finish the conversation he had begun; so he stayed.

“ ‘Now, Brother,’ Mr. Anderson said, ‘this has always been true. The only reason why Adam was a sinner was that he transgressed law. All through the history of time, there has been sin; and *all through the history of time, therefore, there has been law—God’s moral law*. Thus all through the history of time, likewise, there has been a Saviour to redeem man from the law’s condemnation. *Law, sin, Saviour*,—these are the three great outstanding facts in the Bible story.’

“I gave him my Bible to read his proof from, and he surely gave a plenty. He read a text for every statement he made. 1 John 3:4 shows *sin to be transgression of the law*; Romans 5:13, that *there cannot be sin without law*; Romans 5:12, that *Adam sinned*; and Revelation 13:8, that *Christ has been a Saviour from the very first*.”

The captain picked up his own Bible and read Revelation 13:8; for he recalled it as a text scarcely known before.

“ ‘That does say, young man, that Christ was slain from the foundation of the world, doesn’t it? But I do not exactly understand it.’ ”

“Well, Mr. Anderson explained it by saying that all the time before Christ came people had the gospel and were saved *by faith in a Redeemer to come*. He read Galatians 3:8 and John 8:56, to show that Abraham knew Christ, and Hebrews 11:26, to show that Moses did. A man couldn’t help but see it.

“Then he showed that Christ was the one who gave the Sabbath in the beginning, that it was Christ who spoke the Ten Commandments, and that it was Christ who went with the Israelites through all their journeys. Of course, Mr. Spaulding didn’t enjoy it at all; but he had to acknowledge that what was said was true; for it was all there in the Bible.

“I couldn’t help laughing when, at the last, Mr. Anderson asked: ‘Brother Spaulding, if Christ made the worlds (and you admit that He did); and if it was He who made the Sabbath and gave it to man (and you admit that too); and if He spoke the law on Sinai, and thus gave the Sabbath again, *must it not be that the Sabbath known back there was the Sabbath of Christ* and therefore the Christian Sabbath?’ Mr. Spaulding blushed and moved in a funny, nervous way. We couldn’t help chuckling at that. But he said ‘Yes’ just the same. He couldn’t help it.

#### MR. SPAULDING CHALLENGES

“Before we left, Mr. Anderson said this: ‘Friends, I am sure you can all see that the term, “Jewish Sabbath,” is an expression which Christians should not use any more than they should say “the Jewish law of God.” *Both the law and the Sabbath, which is a part of it, were given at the very beginning—2,500 years before the Jewish nation existed. The Sabbath was given to the whole human race; or, as Jesus said, it “was made for man.” Mark 2:27.*

“The Sabbath was given to man on the seventh day of Creation Week! (Genesis 2:1-3).

“Mr. Spaulding was quite excited when we broke up; and he said to us: ‘This has been a kind of one-sided discussion today; but if any of you want to



study this further, *come here tomorrow at two o'clock*, and I will show you a few things. You will then see that this seventh-day business is a pretty small affair.' ”

## *Chapter 8*

# *Disagreement and Confusion*

Human nature enjoys a fray; and, as the word was passed around among the passengers that Pastor Spaulding intended to take the theological war-path—and *finally defend Sundaykeeping*, a buzz of excitement was at once created. Here and there little groups could be seen discussing what might happen the next day.

Captain Mann wore a smiling face and maintained a strictly neutral air, but inwardly he was sharing the spirit of intensity which seemed to have taken possession of the passengers.

Mr. Spaulding, immediately after his conversation with Mr. Anderson, in which he had felt his position rudely shaken, *sought out his fellow ministers* and invited them to his room for a consultation.

The veil of secrecy must, of necessity, be thrown around much that took place as the three good clerical brethren met and considered the situation. Suffice it here to say that when Pastor Mitchell learned, after his arrival, the purpose of the meeting, he de-

voutly wished himself elsewhere. *He distinctly saw that his brother minister had made a mistake*, and that unless much care and wisdom were exercised, great embarrassment was sure to follow. He was painting himself into a corner, and would only bring embarrassment on them all.

#### COULDN'T AGREE AMONG THEMSELVES

That which most distressed the ministers in their planning was the fact that *they seemed utterly unable to agree among themselves*. Mr. Spaulding believed that the Sabbath had been abolished at the cross; Mr. Mitchell held that it had been changed, and rightly, by the early church; while Pastor Gregory was bound to teach that the seventh day of the fourth commandment should be observed. But, by some strange reasoning, he said it was Sunday!

Seeing the hopelessness of reconciling these divergent and conflicting views, Mr. Mitchell finally ventured to repeat the advice he had given Captain Mann; namely, that *the wise course to take would be to ignore the question* and emphasize such points as God's love and world evangelism; and thus cause the ordinary inquirer to forget and pass on.

"But, Brother Mitchell, I cannot do that," interposed Mr. Spaulding. "I have put myself on record, and have openly announced that at two o'clock I will meet all who are interested. *I have to do something.*"

"Yet you will find, Brother, that if you attempt to show that the moral law has been abolished, you have brought the whole question into a tremendous tangle. Why, you can see that *as soon as you claim the abolition of the whole law, just to get rid of the*

*Sabbath*, you have really taken from us the only standard of righteous living ever given to the world." Thus spoke Pastor Gregory.

"Oh no, Brother! for we now have *the new law*, and are under its jurisdiction," said Mr. Spaulding.

**MR. GREGORY STATES A TRUTH**

"Well, I have heard that argument over and over again," replied Mr. Gregory, "but always to be convinced more fully of its weakness, if not its absurdity. Did not Jesus Christ clearly teach, all through the Sermon on the Mount, *the unchangeable nature of the law*? Read Matthew 5:17, 18 and onward, and see. And did not Paul, by Inspiration, make the decided statement that *faith establishes the law*? See Romans 3:31. Then listen to James, who actually quotes the sixth and the seventh commandments, thus showing what law he means; and, in close connection, he directly calls it part of '*the royal law*,' '*the law of liberty*,' *the law by which men are finally to be judged*. James 2:8-12.

"Brother, the 'new law' of which you speak is only the Decalogue made new by the life and power of Jesus Christ. *And that old law made new includes the Sabbath*, and no one can escape it. Cannot you see that?"

"But, my dear friend," Mr. Spaulding very earnestly responded, "if you take that position, you will certainly have to surrender our custom of Sunday worship; *for there is absolutely no doubt that Saturday is the seventh day of the week* and therefore the day to be kept, according to the commandment. The only way to avoid the seventh day is to be freed from the commandment itself.

*“One or two points make clear that the seventh day we have now is the same seventh day known at the beginning: first, the wording of the commandment itself; second, the preservation of the day from Sinai till now. The commandment is explicit. It says: ‘the seventh day is the Sabbath . . . For in six days the Lord made heaven and earth . . . and rested the seventh day: wherefore the Lord blessed the Sabbath day, and hallowed it.’ In other words, the seventh day to which the commandment refers is the same day of the week God kept at Creation. This is as certain as that English is English. And you and I and every other intelligent man knows that the Jewish nation has most carefully preserved the weekly reckoning from Sinai until now, and today is actually keeping the Sinaitic seventh day. There has been no loss in the count.*

*“And let me call your attention to another fact which cannot be gainsaid. It is this: Jesus Christ kept the seventh day of the week, just as the Jews did, all His earthly life. Read Luke 4:16 and other Scriptures. Therefore, if you are going to have any Sabbath at all, you must, as a Christian, do as He did.*

*“We are told to follow His example, ‘walk as He walked’ (1 John 2:6), ‘leaving us an example, that ye should follow in His steps’ (1 Peter 2:21).*

*“ ‘And Christ does not change. He is “the same yesterday, and today, and forever” (Hebrews 13:8). Our God does not change (Malachi 3:6).*

*“You are hitting pretty hard, my brother,” said Mr. Gregory, with some show of warmth, “and I am not sure that you are not doing me a bit of injustice.*

You forget, I think, that *more than once the calendar has been changed* and that days have been added or dropped in order to make proper adjustments.”

“Very true, good friend; but you are surely not so ignorant (pardon my plainness) as to suppose that changes of calendar affected the order of the days of the week. *The weekly cycle has never been altered.* The Gregorian calendar of A.D. 1582 dropped out ten days and Thursday, October 4, was followed by Friday, October 15. Britain still followed the old style of reckoning until 1752; *but in all those 170 years, the weekly cycle remained unchanged. The days of the week were the same as ours today; the same as Christ’s centuries before.*

“Without doubt, our week, with its seventh day, has come to us without change from time immemorial. I was reading only yesterday that, of 160 ancient and modern languages and dialects, *108 languages actually name the seventh day of the week as the ‘Sabbath’ or its equivalent.* The researcher who discovered that stated that all of them ‘bear testimony to the identity and order of the days of the ancient and modern week.’ He also added that the testimony adduced ‘is equally positive that the order of the days of the week is the same now as from the beginning of nations.’ To my mind, this is incontrovertible evidence. *A Sunday Sabbath is impossible.*”

“Brethren,” interrupted Mr. Mitchell, “you will surely agree with me now that my suggestion made at the beginning of our interview has in it at least a measure of good judgment. I repeat that the situa-

tion is one which is embarrassing; and I advise that Brother Spaulding make an effort to sidetrack the main question and introduce some minor feature tomorrow. To carry these controverted points before any intelligent audience, and especially before one that has in it a man of Pastor Anderson's abilities, *is but to invite a theological catastrophe.*"

With this counsel adopted as a basis for the work of the next day, the good brethren separated.

#### THE MEETING BEGINS

There was no lack in interest or attendance when the hour appointed by Mr. Spaulding came.

It was generally understood that he would attack the Sabbath question "without gloves." And interest naturally centered on Mr. Anderson; for it seemed inconceivable that he would allow Mr. Spaulding's statements to go unchallenged.

Mr. Anderson, however, sat in a somewhat secluded position, evidently having no purpose to enter into controversy. To him, debate was painful; and he avoided it always if possible.

"My Christian friends,"—thus began Mr. Spaulding,—*"I am profoundly convinced that many questions relative to our various beliefs can never be fully and satisfactorily settled. In fact, I believe it is not the plan of God that they should be. No one can know absolutely that he is right. All doctrines are relative. Truth today may be error tomorrow.*

*"The question of the Sabbath is one of the unsettled points of faith. One denomination holds one position, another holds another. The Mohammedan observes Friday; the Jew and the Adventist, Saturday; the Christian world, as a whole, Sunday.*

“Of course, we are all aware that the question of which day a person keeps is not one of primary importance, but rather the spirit with which he keeps it. Let me remark, therefore—”

#### REPLYING TO THE INCONSISTENCY

“Pardon me, Dr. Spaulding” (the speaker was a plain but scholarly looking man of nearly seventy winters, who sat directly in front of the minister), “*but do you really mean to have us believe that you think it matters not whether we keep Friday or Sunday, provided we have the right spirit? Did I not hear you say yesterday that if anyone should keep the seventh day he would become ‘almost a Christ killer?’* You certainly led us to the conclusion that a great deal of importance attached to the matter of which day we keep, and that today you would show that the ‘seventh-day business,’ as you termed it, ‘is a pretty small affair.’

“Now, as a matter of absolute fairness to all concerned, will you kindly answer this question: If the particular day is not really important, then shouldn’t we consider Saturday as good as Sunday for our rest day? I am not a Sabbathkeeper, but I do love the idea of fair play.”

Mr. Spaulding hesitated and was evidently confused. His well-planned diversion was failing. With difficulty, however, he attempted to proceed.

“Before the interruption, I was about to say that —”

“But, Doctor, I insist on an answer. I have good reason for so doing, as you ought to know. You surely cannot have forgotten that in Arkansas, a few years ago, *you appeared in my court to make complaint*

*against a Sabbathkeeper for having done ordinary work on Sunday.\** You pressed the case by every means at your command; and, by mere technicalities, you succeeded in securing a conviction. You will recall that the poor fellow whom you prosecuted was obliged to lie in prison for many months, and all because you and your fellow clergymen tenaciously insisted upon the sacredness of your particular rest day. Do you now repudiate the doctrine which you at that time endorsed?"

Everyone present at this meeting now realized the hopelessness of Mr. Spaulding's position; and while they shared in the judge's desire for fair play, they inwardly longed for something to happen that would relieve the good brother of his embarrassment. Providentially something did "happen."

"Dr. Spaulding, allowing the judge's question to be answered a little later, *may I interrupt you and ask if you can give us a little light on the subject of the dateline?* Captain Mann informs me that we are nearing the dateline and that tonight we must drop a day from our reckoning. Tomorrow, therefore, instead of having a Tuesday, we shall have a Wednesday. What effect, as you understand it, does this change have upon the matter of a definite day of the week as Sabbath?"

The questioner was a San Francisco merchant, a man who had often made the transpacific trip and who, therefore, was fully informed regarding the

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\*This book was written in 1916-1918. The Arkansas incident referred to here was one of several which occurred in the late 19th century—*Harvestime Books*.



problem of the dateline.

Mr. Spaulding quickly brightened at the mention of the dateline and smilingly consented to give his opinion. In fact, he was making an effort to reach this particular point when interrogated by the judge.

“I am glad, Sir, to have you introduce this question; and, with the judge’s permission to pass his question for the present, I will venture a brief statement.

“I suppose all, or nearly all, are aware that in crossing the Pacific Ocean east or west, a day must be added or dropped. Going west, we are obliged to skip a day; and going east, to repeat a day. For instance, tonight we shall retire during the hours of Monday; and tomorrow morning we shall wake up to find that we are passing through the hours of Wednesday. We shall have no Tuesday at all.

“Now, suppose I am a Sabbathkeeper and ardently believe in the absolute sacredness of Saturday. I am going to China. I reach the dateline Friday evening and begin to keep my Sabbath. Then I retire with a worshipful spirit, anticipating the joys of the holy time for the morrow. I sleep. I wake. It is morning. But, lo, instead of its being Saturday, my good captain tells me it is Sunday!

“Then I become excited and confused. The thing bewilders me. I thought my theory was correct, but find it is incorrect. The fourth commandment, I discover, doesn’t fit a big round world. My Sabbath slipped away from me without even so much as a farewell. If I have to keep any day at all, I have to keep Sunday. *How often do hard facts disprove senseless theories!*

“I think you will all agree with me that, if I am ordinarily intelligent, I will come to the conclusion that *God never meant that seventh day for me*, at least while crossing the Pacific; for, when I tried to keep it, I couldn't. But, if I cannot keep it while journeying, I ought not to try to keep it at any time. And so, as a sensible man, I will say to myself: ‘Spaulding, don't be foolish. Don't burden yourself down with impossible dogmas. *Be free*. Keep away from Jewish ceremonies.’

“I need say no more. The point is self-evident. The dateline forbids the keeping of definite days.”

“May I ask a question?” said Mr. Severance, the merchant.

“Certainly, if it is pertinent; and I doubt not it will be,” replied the minister.

“I observe Sunday and live in San Francisco. Do you believe I really can keep Sunday in that city?”

“Yes. Because, in San Francisco, the days come to you regularly; and you are without question.”

“Would it be possible for me to have my Sunday in Peking?”

“Certainly,” was Mr. Spaulding's answer; “and for the same reason.”

“Another question: Is Sunday at Peking the same day that is known in San Francisco?”

“*Without doubt; for the day travels around the earth.*”

“Now, Brother Spaulding, you have said just what I wanted. *You say the day travels*. It must, then, have some place at which it ends its journey. What place is that? To be sure, you must say, the date-line. And all days begin and end at the same place,

one day following another in exact order. In that case, can there be any valid reason for actual confusion or for supposing that we cannot keep the count of the days? And, if you are willing to yield the floor for a few minutes, *I should like to call for a few words from our captain. He should be an expert on the dateline.*”

“Captain Mann! Captain Mann!” came the call from all directions. All eyes were turned to him. Would he agree with Mr. Spaulding?

## *Chapter 9*

# *The Dateline*

“This is Dr. Spaulding’s hour,” the captain began; “and, with his permission, I will consent to make a few observations regarding the dateline.”

Mr. Spaulding smiled rather faintly; and, in somewhat of a hesitating manner, he seemed to give consent. The entire situation had proved a great disappointment to him; and now he was really obliged to give place, without having made any substantial gain.

As Captain Mann arose, a happy thought seemed to strike him. And he smilingly suggested a round table or question box, that all might have opportunity to bring out any phase of the question not clear to them. The question box idea prevailed.

“Before the questions are proposed,” said the captain, “allow me this brief word: *The dateline is one of the very simple problems of life; so simple,*

in fact, that I have often explained it without difficulty to children. Instead of its being a matter for confusing minds and causing a loss in the count of the days of the week, it is the one thing that prevents any and all disturbances in our reckoning. It is a great, wonderful world regulator, *preserving to all nations of the earth the identity of our days.*”

#### **TWINS TRAVELING IN OPPOSITE DIRECTIONS**

“Do you mean to say, Captain, that the fact that the world is a globe makes no difference?” asked a lady missionary from Ohio.

“That is the thought, Madam. It matters not whether one is at the poles or at the equator, whether traveling by sea or by land, whether going east or west. *The day is absolutely known at any place on the earth’s surface.*”

“Well, I have heard it said over and over again,” stated a simple but well-meaning man seated near the captain, “that time is really lost or gained, that going in one direction, you lose; while in the other, you gain. How could preachers say that—if it isn’t so?”

“I am sure I cannot answer your query as to why preachers have taught you what you say they have taught regarding the dateline. But let me say to you, one and all, that *there is no such thing as gaining or losing time.* The expression is unscientific and indicates something that is only apparent, not real. Let me illustrate: Two men—twins—start from New York to make the journey around the world. One goes eastward, the other westward. They finally come together again in New York, after a lapse of several months; but he who went eastward finds himself

exactly the same age as his brother who traveled the opposite direction. They compare figures and find that it took each of them the same number of days, hours, and minutes to make the trip, though one added a day and the other dropped a day.

“Now, if it is actually true that one gained and the other lost a day, there must have been two days’ difference in their ages at the journey’s end. [Laughter]. And if they had repeated the process a sufficient number of times, there would have come a time when one would be old enough to be the other’s father. [Prolonged laughter].

“You all see how ludicrous the matter appears when analyzed but a little. *The truth is: The whole question is one, not of gaining or losing time but, of computation.*

#### **ONLY A NUMERICAL CHANGE**

“I carry with me,” said the captain, “an extract from an article on the dateline, which I read many years ago; and, with your permission, I will read it. It states the whole proposition more clearly than any word of mine could possibly do. Here it is:

“The revolutions of the earth itself, as measured at fixed localities, are what measure and number the days, not the revolutions that may be indicated in the diary of a traveler. A person *traveling east or west around the world* puts himself at variance with the numerical order of its revolutions as computed at any fixed point; and variance must be corrected. that is all the question there is involved in keeping a definite and identical day on a round earth. Attending to this one point, a person need never lose the definite day.

“ To illustrate: Let us suppose a man starts from some point, which we call A, and travels eastward. Suppose he is able to make the circuit of the earth and come back to his starting point, in just ten days. Every day, of course, he is carried around by the revolution of the earth. But traveling, as he is, *with* the earth, from west to east, he each day gains upon it one tenth of its circumference; and, in ten days, he would gain ten tenths, or a whole circumference. Thus when he arrives at A, he finds that those who have remained there have marked ten revolutions of the earth and have had ten days of time. But the earth has taken him around as many times as it has revolutions; *and, in addition to that, he has passed around once himself*, which is the same as another revolution for him, making eleven and giving him, according to his calendar as he has kept it from day to day, eleven days instead of ten. What shall he do with that extra day?—Drop it out of the count. Why?—Because he knows that the earth itself has made but ten revolutions, as marked at A. *And the revolutions of the earth, not the times he may go around it, mark the days.* He must make his count correspond to the revolutions of the earth, wherever he is.

“ If the person goes around the earth, westward, this process is simply reversed. If he travels at the same rate, his journey each day cancels, or causes him to lose, *so far as his own count is concerned*, one tenth of the revolutions of the earth. In ten days, he would lose a whole revolution and would find, when he came around to his starting point at A, that his calendar showed but nine days instead of ten. What should he do?—Add into his account that lost day. Why?—Because he knows that *the earth has made ten revolutions.* Although he has himself, like

the other man, been around the earth once, it has been in such a direction as apparently to cancel one of its revolutions, and take it out of the count, instead of adding one, as in the other case; and now *he must add it in, to be in harmony with the real condition of things.*' ”

#### **WHY THE DATELINE IS WHERE IT IS**

Mr. Severance, the merchant, now asked the privilege of supplementing Captain Mann's extract by an article which he had kept. He read as follows:

“ The reason for this [the adding or dropping of a day at the dateline] will be apparent upon a little careful thought; for *it is always sunset at some point on the earth*, and always sunrise, and noon, and midnight, at other points at the same time. Let us imagine that we could travel around the earth as rapidly as the earth revolves upon its axis, and we start out from London or from any other place, at sunrise on Tuesday morning and travel west. It would remain sunrise of the same day with us all the time. Yet, when we came to the starting place, we would have to call it the next day; for those who remained there would have had noon, sunset, midnight, and now would have their second morning, which would be Wednesday.

“ Therefore we must change our reckoning, so that at that instant, in any place east of London, we would call it Tuesday morning; but at any point west of that line, it would be Wednesday. That would be the place where the day would change. *But, for convenience, men have chosen a line that passes through no habitable country, and have fixed that point as a place where the day would change.*

“ We may believe, too, that *this is the line on which*

*the Maker designed that the new day should begin—a part of the world where no one lives. Now it makes no difference at what time we cross that line either way; we must recognize that there is one day on one side of it and another day on the other side. The line chosen is the 180th meridian of longitude from Greenwich, England.*

*“By this arrangement, each day is measured off by one revolution of the earth; and, when it is finished, it is discharged from the calendar and a new one takes its place at this point. Hence, wherever we may be on the face of the earth, the day comes to us with its full measure of twenty-four hours, and then is succeeded by another of exactly equal length. It is true that, by our traveling east or west, the length of the day may be to us varied; but, at the dateline, these variations are all rectified. And, in circumnavigating the globe, we find that we have done so without disarranging our calendar.”*

“Say, Captain, who fixed up this dateline scheme? And, say, was it agreed to peacefully?” The speaker was a rough-and-ready man from the Western plains, as jovial as he was rough.

“Our friend has suggested a good thought, Captain Mann; so please tell us something of the dateline history,” said Mr. Severance.

#### THE HISTORY OF THE DATELINE

*“The dateline is a natural result of the order of the peopling of the earth. Taking my Bible, I find that the cradle of the human family, after the Deluge, was in the valley of the Euphrates, in the Eastern Hemisphere. From that point, they went eastward and westward. They went outward, from that point, to the farthest parts of Europe and Africa;*



and, centuries later, they went still farther west, across the Western Hemisphere.

*“The day originally known in the Euphrates Valley was thus carried unchanged, both east and west. The only difference being that, as they went east, they began it earlier; while, as they went west, they began it later.*

“That this is true is easily seen from the fact that a man may begin a journey at Peking, in China, and travel *westward*, through Asia and Europe, to San Francisco. And, all the way around the world, he will find his computation in perfect agreement with the time of the places through which he passes. In other words, he is following *the natural route of the day*; thus no change is needed. If, however, he goes *east* from Peking to San Francisco, *he passes the natural starting point* and, likewise, the finishing point, of the day; he must adjust himself to what he finds.

“To my mind, as was just read in your hearing, *the Most High Himself, who controlled the peopling of the earth and where that peopling began*, providentially arranged that the beginning and end of days, the particular point at which men would mark and number the earth’s revolutions, should be in the Pacific—which, *until fairly recent centuries, was not hardly crossed.*”

At this, a friend who sat near him asked, Captain Mann, “doesn’t this dateline bother you at all about keeping Sunday, as you have been doing all these years when you cross back and forth across the dateline?”

“Not in the least Sir,” was the reply. “It has aided

me in my keeping of my rest day, just as it aids every one who is conscientiously seeking to obey God's commandments."

#### MR. ANDERSON INVITED TO SPEAK

At this, another man spoke up. "Say, Captain, I'm not a Christian and don't keep any day, you see; but ever since I was a boy, I have wondered about this Sabbath matter, which the preachers were arguing about yesterday. I can understand about the dateline now, but I want to know if you honestly think people keep God's commandment when they keep Sunday. *Is Sunday the seventh day of the week?* I could almost believe it is, if you would tell me so. What do you say, Captain?"

The simplicity and sincerity of the questioner awakened in the captain a tremendous desire to confess what he was rapidly coming to see; namely, that the fourth commandment was not fulfilled in the observance of Sunday. But, just as the truth was about to escape his lips, he checked himself. Perhaps the time was not opportune, he thought.

With a gracious smile, he therefore said: "Let us refer the theological questions, my dear sir, to the clergy. They will gladly help in such matters."

Harold Wilson, who was standing near Mr. Severance, whispered a word in that gentleman's ear.

Mr. Severance was a largehearted, liberal-minded man of affairs; and, acting upon Harold's suggestion, he arose and said:

"Ladies and gentlemen, we have with us on our vessel a Christian gentleman—a man of the cloth, one of deep learning and piety and, to my mind, an authority on this question of the Sabbath. I have

heard him preach; and therefore I feel competent to judge of his ability. *I believe we could do no better than to invite Pastor Anderson to give us the privilege of hearing from him in reply to the question we have just heard. All in favor, please raise the hand.*”

There was an almost unanimous response, though it was noticed that Mr. Spaulding did not vote.

It was arranged that Mr. Anderson should meet his fellow passengers the next day at the same hour.

Mr. Severance created much interest for the meeting of the next day by suggesting that the other clergymen aboard the vessel be present at the service and interrogate the speaker, and thus bring out all phases of the subject.

## *Chapter 10*

# *The Other Side*

He doesn't look much like a 'Christ killer,' does he?" whispered one woman to another when, at the appointed hour the next day, Mr. Anderson stood before the passengers in the main parlor.

"Well," replied her friend, "maybe he isn't a Jew; but I've been told, since leaving San Francisco, that he really doesn't believe in Christ. He teaches; so I am informed, by one of the ministers aboard our vessel. This pastor teaches that we are to be saved by keeping the law rather than by faith in Jesus Christ; and I think that is terrible."

Mr. Anderson smilingly greeted his fellow travelers and assured them that he assumed no superior wisdom. He asked them all to be free to contribute of their best thoughts; and, laying Harold Wilson's marked Bible on the table before him, he begged that all join him in asking God's Spirit to rest upon their interview and that light might come to all.

What a beautiful, simple prayer he offered!

"Our Father who art in heaven," he began, "we thank Thee today for Thy blessed Word, which we have met to study. We thank Thee for Jesus, for the great sacrifice He made for us, and that in Him we may find a Friend who is the chiefest among ten thousand, the One altogether lovely. We are thankful for Thy good Spirit, which convinces us of sin, which teaches us the way of life, which reveals Thee, and gives us power to overcome.

"We hope only in Thy mercy. In us there is no good; and we can come only in that Name which Thou hast caused us to love. Look upon Thine own blessed Son, remember His life, behold us in Him, and know that by faith we make Him just now our personal Redeemer. For all Thy goodness, we praise Thee; and we most earnestly dedicate ourselves to Thee. Direct us at this hour in our study, and glorify Thyself in causing us to see a little more fully the truth as it is in Jesus. Amen."

"My!" exclaimed the woman who had just spoken of his supposedly wrong views. "That doesn't sound as I expected. Why, he prays like a Christian! Isn't it strange that one minister should get such a wrong opinion of another?"

"I find," said Mr. Anderson, at the conclusion of

the prayer, "that a number of questions have been written and already passed in, and perhaps I ought to notice these first. Is this agreeable?"

"Evidently Mr. Spaulding was somewhat fearful, though without reason, that some scheme had been devised to shut out free, open questioning; and having had it in mind to introduce "a few nuts hard to crack," he took occasion to suggest that, while the written questions were all right, he would like to have the privilege of introducing as least a few queries first.

Mr. Anderson readily agreed, knowing that courtesy is a principle of the golden rule, which he sought always to follow.

Mr. Spaulding was therefore permitted to have a free hand.

#### **IS SABBATHKEEPING PART OF CHRISTIANITY?**

"Do you believe that Sabbathkeeping should be regarded as an essential part of our Christian service under the gospel? *Is it something God wants us to do?*"

"Most assuredly."

"Very good, Brother; and now let me read Paul's words to the Christians of Galatia, and let us see to what your doctrine leads. Galatians 2:16, 21: 'Knowing that a man is not justified by the works of the law, but by the faith of Jesus Christ, even we have believed in Jesus Christ, that we might be justified by the faith of Christ, and not by the works of the law; for by the works of the law shall no flesh be justified . . . I do not frustrate the grace of God: for if righteousness comes by the law, then Christ is dead

in vain.'

"Now, Brother, if Sabbathkeeping is one of the works mentioned, it frustrates the grace of God and declares that Christ died in vain. That is so, isn't it?"

"*Sabbathkeeping*," said Mr. Anderson, "*is indeed a work of the law, just as any other good deed is also a work.* But no one can ever find salvation just by performing good works. Christianity knows no such thing as salvation by works. No one can become righteous by any deed of his, however great or good it may seem to be. This is said over and over again in both Romans and Galatians.

"But doing good in order to be saved or, as Paul states it, to be justified, or made righteous, is altogether different from *doing good when through faith one has been accepted as a child of Christ.*

"*It is only through the enabling grace of Jesus Christ, our Lord and Saviour, that we can keep the Bible Sabbath.* And this God requires of us. *Otherwise why would He repeatedly tell us in the Bible to keep it?*

"It is not until one has come to Christ, confessing his sins and accepting Him as His Saviour, that he can be empowered to do 'good works' acceptable to God. Works may never truly precede faith and justification, but they immediately begin in the life of the newborn Christian.

"This must be true; because, before one has through faith found deliverance from sin, it is impossible to do good. The carnal man, with his carnal mind, cannot obey a spiritual law. Romans 8:7. But, *after sin has been forgiven and the law of the*

*Lord is written in the heart, all the works of the law appear as naturally as the leaves appear on the trees. In an unconverted life, the works of the law are only a dead form; in a converted life, they are the living fruits of the Spirit.*

“Sabbathkeeping, therefore, would be only a useless and senseless theory to a person who is not born again,—*yet it is to the one who has Jesus in his heart a part of his cherished covenant experience with God.*”

**IS PREACHING THE SABBATH  
PREACHING CHRIST?**

“Mr. Anderson,” said one of the San Francisco ladies, “you don’t believe, then, that people must keep the law as a means of salvation?”

“No, Madam; Jesus Christ alone can cleanse and save us; and He does this in the life of every soul who wholeheartedly accepts Him as Saviour. Thankfully, as soon as we have received Him into our hearts, all the glorious things that the law ordains are immediately fulfilled in us. See Romans 8:3, 4. Thus faith establishes the law in our hearts as the law of our life. Romans 3:31.”

“Well, Mr. Anderson, *I do want to say that that is a very beautiful truth. I see it plainly,*” said the lady. “But may I ask if you really find the Sabbath a blessing—that is, the seventh-day Sabbath? You probably know we have, for years, been taught that it is Jewish, a matter of bondage, a yoke which no one can wear with pleasure.”

“This reminds me,” said Mr. Anderson, “of one of the questions I have in hand here. It reads: ‘Why do you not preach Christ instead of so much Sab-

bath? Is not the preaching of Christ the all-important thing?' Perhaps I may answer the two questions together.

"I wonder if we actually understand the expressions 'preaching the Sabbath' and 'preaching Christ.' What is the Sabbath? Who is Christ?

"To determine the character of the Sabbath, it is necessary to look back to the beginning of time, to those days before sin came. There we find God's perfect plan. There we see what should have always been and what will be when the reign of sin is ended.

"Back in the beginning, when our world was first created by God, everything, we are told, was 'very good' (Genesis 1:4, 10, 12, 18, 21, 25, 31). 'The heavens and the earth were finished, and all the host of them' (Genesis 2:1).

"Then God rested. 'He rested on the seventh day from all His work which He had made.' Genesis 2:2. In the Paradise home, that home resplendent with the glories of the better world, the great Author of life kept the Sabbath with the two beautiful beings who were to have dominion over the earth. And while His created beings kept Sabbath, the heavenly chorus 'sang together, and all the sons of God shouted for joy.' Job 38:7. Surely that first Sabbath must have been a delightful day, and its service glorious beyond description."

"But, my brother," interrupted Pastor Spaulding, "you would not have this people believe that God was tired, would you?"

"No, Brother Spaulding; and I was intending to cover the point you have made. Let me do so now.

"The Sabbath was not originated nor given to



man because of weariness on the part of either God or man. Of the Creator, it is written that He 'fainteth not, neither is weary' (Isaiah 40:28); and man, who was 'in His image,' knew nothing of physical deterioration and decay until after the seeds of sin had been sown. If sin had never entered the world, there would never have been such a thing as tired nerves or tired muscles, no breaking down of the tissues of life, no sickness, no death. Therefore, as the Sabbath was given before the fall, its great and primary purpose was not that man should merely cease from his regular employment, but that he should enjoy the same 'rest' the Maker of the world Himself enjoyed. *God wanted to share it with us!*

"Keep this in mind, dear friends; for it is vital to an understanding of the whole matter. He who sees in Sabbathkeeping nothing more than the laying aside of his secular labor for a certain twenty-four hours, and the enjoyment of the privileges of rest, change, and churchgoing, has not yet found the secret of the Sabbath as it was given to mankind.

"As we have just read, He who made heaven and earth never wearies. He is the great I AM, the Self-existent One, who inhabits eternity, with whom years are not. Yet we read that He rested. More than this, the Word tells us that 'He rested and was refreshed.' Exodus 31:17. His was the rest of a divine joy in beholding the perfection of His wonderful handiwork, *and in receiving from His earth children the love and adoration that sprang from their worshipful hearts.* It was the rest of communion, of reciprocal affection, of heart understanding. And I believe that I have often found, in my Sabbathkeep-

ing, part of the deepening rewards of the restful peace and joy of that first Eden day when God rested and worshiped with man. It is this beautiful experience that I wish you all to know.”

There were some in the room who dared to say “Amen”; and many present found their heart strangely stirred by the minister’s words.

#### NO MISSING LINKS

“But let me continue,” Mr. Anderson said. “So that the blessedness of that first Sabbath might be perpetuated, that its experiences might be multiplied and known eternally by all who should live upon earth, God arranged that each succeeding Sabbath should be a repetition of the first. *It was His plan that every week the holy Sabbath hours would return to us again!* The record is, ‘*God blessed the seventh day and sanctified it*’ (Genesis 2:3)—a statement which carries in it the very fullness of divine purpose, divine power, divine presence, and wisdom.

“But please note that, first, the Scripture speaks of the *seventh* day; second, it declares this day is ‘sanctified’—that is, set apart or appointed to holy or sacred use. *It is the seventh day, not a seventh part of time*, that is brought to view.”

“May I ask, Brother,” said Mr. Gregory, “what evidence you have that the first seventh day is now to be identified with Saturday? I had heard somewhere that our Sunday is the original seventh day.”

“The evidence, Brother Gregory, is so simple and so remarkably complete, that there can scarcely be a mistake. Without question, *the fourth commandment calls attention to the seventh day, as it was*

known back in the very beginning, does it not?"

"I agree with you that far," said Mr. Gregory.

"Very well; and I presume you will also agree with me in holding that *the Sabbath kept by the Saviour was the same as that given at Sinai*, when God spoke and wrote the Ten Commandments—with the Sabbath commandment in its very heart."

"Yes, I think so," was the reply.

"I was sure you would agree," said Mr. Anderson. "And now let me call your attention to the statement made in Luke 23:55-56, that *after the crucifixion, the women who had been the most devoted disciples of Christ kept the Sabbath day 'according to the commandment.'*"

"Yes, interjected Mr. Gregory; but right there is a missing link. That may have been the ceremonial sabbath of the Passover week rather than the moral Sabbath of the fourth commandment. You see, we must keep track of the week, *and make sure that the cycle of seven days continued unbroken from Creation until now.*"

"That is important, Brother Gregory; and it is so important that our Lord has given it emphasis. Let me ask a question: Was the Sabbath, that the women kept, the day which came just before that other day, called the 'first day'?"

"Yes, Sir, it must have been."

"That is right. Jesus was crucified on *the 'preparation day'*;—this is the day before the weekly Sabbath, which was used to prepare for the Sabbath. We are repeatedly told about it (Matt. 27:62; Mk 15:42; Lk 23:54). Then *the next day*, Christ's followers rested on the Sabbath, while Christ rested

in the tomb. Then *the following day*, which the Bible says was 'the first day' of the week, early in the morning Christ rose from the dead and the women came to the tomb.

"So the question, Mr. Gregory: Was not that 'first day' the day of the resurrection?"

"It certainly was."

"Then what '*first*' day was it? *Why, the Scripture distinctly states that it was 'the first day of the week.'* Do you think, Friends, there is any missing link in the connections? I do not believe that even Brother Gregory will have any question about it. As you see, there is the Sabbath of the fourth commandment, followed by the first day of the week, the week which we all know to be our week of the present time. *And so we know that the Sabbath of the fourth commandment, which is the Sabbath of Creation, is the seventh day of our week; and therefore it is the day which we are to observe, and in which we shall find blessing. Isn't that plain?"*

There was no dissent. Mr. Anderson had carried his audience with him.

#### **GOD'S PRESENCE SANCTIFIES**

"But I want you to catch the truth of those words in Genesis,—'*God blessed the seventh day*' (*Genesis 2:3*). We are told in Proverbs 10:22 that 'the blessing of the Lord, it maketh rich.' His blessing is an active principle of righteousness, changing the nature of that upon which it is placed.

"This is illustrated in the life of Jacob. Jacob was wrestling with God, to obtain victory over his sin. The divine Presence said, 'Let Me go, for the day breaketh.' Jacob, almost in despair, cried out,

'I will not let Thee go, except Thou bless me.' And then it was that the great healing, helping, transforming power of God came into the poor wrestler's soul and the divine benediction was, 'Thy name shall be called no more Jacob, but Israel: for as a prince hast thou power with God and with men, and hast prevailed.' Jacob, the deceiver, had become Israel, the prince. *His nature had been renewed by the inflowing of God's holiness. The blessing of the Lord had made him rich indeed, had made him a holy child of God.* This reveals the character of the blessing of the Lord. It is the impartation to man of His own life, His own presence.

"And do you remember the story of the burning bush? Exodus 3:1-6. God's presence was revealed to Moses; and the word came, 'Put off thy shoes from off thy feet, for the place whereon thou standest is holy.' *The presence of God made the very surroundings holy.* The same word was spoken to Joshua. Joshua 5:13-15.

"Thus we learn this: *God's blessing is His own presence. His presence sanctifies, or makes holy.* His presence imparted to man makes the man holy; His presence manifested in a place makes the place holy. The rest of the story is obvious. —*His presence, His blessing, in the seventh day makes the seventh day holy.*

"When God blessed the seventh day, He simply put His presence into that day for all earth's history. He did this for man. You know what Jesus said, '*The Sabbath was made for man*' (Mk 2:27). And how wonderful, then, was the making! Every seventh day brings His blessed, holy presence. The holy

day carries its sanctifying, cleansing, uplifting power into the heart of God's worshipping ones, and makes them glad in the gift of holiness.

"The Author of the Sabbath was Jesus Christ. Read John 1:1-3, 14; Colossians 1:13-16. It is His presence which the seventh day encloses. *It is His life of which I partake in Sabbathkeeping. And do I not therefore preach Him when I truly preach the Sabbath?* Ah, this Sabbath truth is among the grandest of all the grand things brought to view in the Word of God!"

"Amen!" called out Harold Wilson who, by special invitation of Captain Mann, was present; and all eyes turned his way.

Captain Mann was visibly affected. He recognized a witnessing voice that was speaking to his soul. It was the voice of truth, which he could not reject.

Mr. Spaulding and Mr. Gregory quietly waited until Mr. Anderson had offered a short prayer; then they passed out of the room.

"Brother Spaulding, what did you think of that?" asked Mr. Gregory when they were alone.

## *Chapter 11*

# *Interested Questioners*

*Meanwhile, back in the meeting room, a stranger walked up to Mr. Anderson. "You will pardon me, I am sure, if I detain you a few moments. This service has simply compelled me to come and take you by the hand and to express to you my appreciation."*

Mr. Anderson did not recognize the man. "Of course, you do not know me; and may I therefore introduce myself as Judge Kershaw of Little Rock, Arkansas?"

"Oh, and you are the man who interrogated Mr. Spaulding yesterday?"

"Yes, Sir, though perhaps I should be ashamed of what has since appeared to me an impertinence. But you see, Mr. Spaulding's statements greatly stirred me, as I remembered the occasion of several years ago, when, at his insistence, a member of your denomination was brought before me for Sunday violation."

A group of interested passengers began to form as soon as Judge Kershaw began to speak. Harold Wilson was among them.

"At that time," the judge continued, "I thought I discovered on the part of the prosecution a distinct spirit of intolerance, which to my mind is utterly foreign to the gospel of Jesus Christ. But while this was true, the young defendant manifested most beautiful patience and self-restraint; and, as he acted as his own counsel and spoke in his own behalf, I was persuaded that his principles were of a high order."

"Was he convicted, judge?" asked one of the listeners.

"Yes; the letter of the law had been violated, the jury brought in a verdict of guilty, and I was obliged to pass sentence. But I was hurt, deeply hurt—hurt in one sense by the wrong spirit shown by the professed Christians who prosecuted, and hurt in another sense by the excellent spirit of the one who

was condemned.

“Now I believe I have discovered the secret of that young man’s behavior. He had Christ in his soul. He had a rest and peace to which all of us are strangers. Why, when I was about to pass sentence and asked him if he had any further word to give the court, he said: ‘Your Honor, I wish to thank you and the gentlemen of the jury for the spirit of fairness shown during the trial. You need have no regret that you are obliged to pass this sentence. We may all well be sad that our statute books are cumbered with a few laws that work hardship to innocent and inoffensive citizens; and personally I hope to see the day come when our fair state will refuse longer to enforce this particular law which today sends me to prison. I submit to the penalty, as a Christian ought. I forgive freely the men who have brought me this experience. And I want you all to know that in my heart there is a peace passing all understanding, a peace which will brighten every day and hour I shall spend behind the bars.’

“I sent him to prison; and in the prison he died. What a tragedy! And, from that day until now, I have had his face in my memory much before me; and I have wanted to know what it was that made him the man he was.”

#### **JUDGE KERSHAW’S BIBLE ALSO MARKED**

“Judge, pardon me; but I too have found the peace which the young man had,” said Harold Wilson, “and I have found it since coming aboard the vessel. I have found it in this Sabbath truth which was presented today.”

“Young man, I do not doubt you. You are the one,



are you not, who is called 'the man with the marked Bible'?"

"Yes, Sir; and I asked Mr. Anderson to read from my marked Bible today."

Judge Kershaw picked up the Book and glanced it through. There was moisture in his eyes.

"Mr. Anderson," he said, "this reminds me of my boyhood, when my parents sought to lead me to a religious life. Like many boys, I was foolishly inclined to make light of Christianity; and ere I could realize it, my youthful days had passed, and I found myself graduated from college and entering upon my professional career without a hope. My education only served to crystallize my early unbelief; and, all through the years since, I have seen little or nothing in the average church or its teachings to cause me to change.

"One thought, however, has always followed me," continued Mr. Kershaw,— "a thought expressed by my mother. A few days before she died, she called me to her, and said: 'Son, I know I have not always lived before you as I should, and you have your doubts about Christianity. But someday, I know not when, you will surely see that God's Word is true, that there are those who have proved it divine; and thus you will be led to yield your heart to the Author, and love and serve Him.' You will not know, unless I tell you, why this Bible reminds me of those times so long ago. Well, it is marked as Mother marked hers. And, strange to say, the Ten Commandments were especially remembered, even as in this. Mother was a firm believer in every one of the commandments of God.

“But think of it! Here I am, an old man of seventy years. It is nearly time for me to go. *Do you suppose this is the hour when Mother’s prayer should be answered?*”

#### WHY DOES NOT THE CHURCH SEE IT?

There was a period of deep silence. All seemed to realize that a sacred decision was being made, a decision involving the salvation of a soul, *in answer to a prayer offered by a devoted mother a half century before.*

And now Mr. Severance spoke: “Judge, this day has been a day of revelation to me also. But I must know more. Mr. Anderson, may I ask you a few brief questions? For instance, if the seventh day is the Sabbath day, and if we are morally bound to make it our day of rest, *why does the church as a whole not see and acknowledge it?* This troubles me.”

“I have no doubt, Mr. Severance,” Mr. Anderson began, “that there are many causes which have led the professed Christian world to observe Sunday rather than Sabbath. However, I will venture the remark that the Sabbath has been set aside for the same reason that other great moral duties have been neglected or rejected. You will remember that the apostle Paul clearly foretold a time *when professed Christians would ‘not endure sound doctrine,’* but would ‘heap to themselves teachers, having itching ears,’ and would ‘turn away their ears from the truth.’ 2 Timothy 4:3, 4.

“A brief examination of the Word shows that *this evil course has been common all through the ages.* Of the church in Isaiah’s day it is written: ‘Now go, write it before them in a table, and note it in a book,

that it may be for the time to come [throughout later centuries] forever and ever: that this is a rebellious people, lying children, *children that will not hear the law of the Lord*: which say to the seers, See not; and to the prophets, Prophecy not unto us right things, speak unto us smooth things, prophecy deceits.' Isaiah 30:8-10.

"At a later time, Ezekiel wrote of the church leaders, saying: 'Her prophets have daubed them with untempered mortar, seeing vanity, and divining lies unto them, saying, Thus saith the Lord God, when the Lord hath not spoken.' And the connection clearly gives the subject under discussion. 'Her priests have violated My law, and have profaned Mine holy things: they have put no difference between the holy and profane, neither have they showed difference between the unclean and the clean, *and have hid their eyes from My Sabbaths*, and I am profaned among them.' Ezekiel 22:28, 26.

"How plain it is! Both the people and their leaders were unwilling to follow God's Word. *The people demanded 'smooth things'; and their teachers actually hid their eyes from the truth* in order to satisfy their unfaithful hearers. And, mark it, the Sabbath of the Lord was the thing from which the prophets turned and hid their eyes. And mark this also: That word of Ezekiel is prophetic of our day.

"It has always been apparently easy for men to estimate lightly the Word of God. Surely it is so now, when higher criticism finds ready access to both pulpit and pew, placing the writings of Inspiration on the same level as the works of Shakespeare, Emerson, Spencer, and others. *The day has come*

*when even the Ten Commandments are regarded by many as out of date and in need of revision."*

"Yes," said one of those in the group, "I was told only yesterday, by a man who looked like a minister, that we can no longer hold the Bible as an absolutely unquestioned authority. He said that much of the Old Testament had been shown to be unhistorical, and that the miracles recorded in the Gospels were largely allegorical. I asked him particularly about the resurrection and ascension of Christ, and he only shrugged his shoulders and smiled."

"Of course, Mr. Severance," continued Mr. Anderson, "not all the professed people of God have so far departed from the old paths that they have thus set the Word aside. There are many beautiful and notable exceptions. But if you would know why the great church of today, generally speaking, rejects the Sabbath truth, you will find the reason in the facts I have pointed out."

#### **FAITH BEING DESTROYED**

"Mr. Anderson," said Judge Kershaw, "what you have given us from the prophetic Scriptures is being strikingly fulfilled at this very time. I have just completed the reading of a magazine article entitled, *Blasting at the Rock of Ages*, which shows that all through our advanced institutions of learning, including our theological seminaries, open infidelity is taught. Positions are taken which completely nullify every moral principle contained in the Word of God. I could hardly believe my eyes. And these are the schools from which, of course, our ministers are sent forth."

"I am not in the least disposed to criticize," Mr.

Anderson responded; “for criticism is a dangerous practice. But you must know, for your own soul’s sake, the dangers of this time and kindly warn against them. For instance, you have heard it said that truth cannot be known and that the Bible, like a violin, plays whatever tune is desired, and that this is God’s plan. The statement is frequently made, that ‘the truth of today is the error of tomorrow,’ and vice versa. But Jesus said, ‘Ye shall know the truth’ (John 8:32) and, ‘If any man will do His will, he shall know of the doctrine’ (John 7:17). *When a man hungers and thirsts for truth, surrenders to God and searches His Word, the Holy Spirit reveals to him the deep things of God and makes them a part of his very life.* Read 1 Corinthians 2:9-12. See also John 6:45; 16:13-15.

“Again, you will hear it taught that if you are ‘only sincere’ in what you do, your service is accepted. This sounds well, but it is misleading. *Sincerity is necessary, but it never excuses ignorance.*”

“Now let me understand you, Mr. Anderson,” said Mr. Severance. “*Has not my sincere observance of Sunday been acknowledged of God?* I have surely tried to be a Christian.”

“Yes, Brother, you have undoubtedly enjoyed God’s love, because you gladly did all you knew to be right. *But suppose you now learn the truth of the fourth commandment and then fail to follow it.* Jesus said regarding those in His day, ‘If I had not come and spoken unto them, they had not had sin: but now they have no cloak for their sin.’ John 15:22. Paul pointed out the same principle, when he said, ‘The times of this ignorance God winked

at; but now commandeth all men everywhere to repent.' Acts 17:30. *Sincerity in wrongdoing ceases to be possible when the light reveals the better way.* Sincerity then obliges a man to change his course."

Harold Wilson, intensely enthusiastic in his new-found experience and eager to learn, asked the privilege of another question.

"Mr. Anderson, one of the ministers has told me that it is all right to keep the seventh day, but he added the confusing question, Where shall we begin to count? He said he kept the seventh day, *but he said he began his count on Monday!* What do you think about it? I cannot understand why he would start his week on Monday."

"That is what I have been taught," added Mr. Severance.

"I have already partially answered the question, but let us notice it further. The question is really this: *Does it matter what day it is?*

"Turn to Exodus 16 and the story of the manna. God said He wanted to 'prove' or 'try' the people, as to whether they would walk in His law. The plan was that, each week, the people should gather their food (called "manna") from the first day to the sixth day. Each day for five days, they were to gather only as much as they needed for that particular day. And it was arranged that nothing would remain over till the next day. *On the sixth day, however, they were to gather a supply for two days, the second portion being for use on the seventh day, when no manna fell.* This was the Lord's arrangement.

"Now the count of the days was not left to man's

choice. *God Himself did the numbering.* And if anyone, purposely or otherwise, tried to make a change and did not accommodate himself to God's order, there resulted only confusion and loss, besides definite reproof from the Lord.

"Evidently some attempted a change by trying to keep the food over till morning; but 'it bred worms and stank.' Verse 20. Others went out on the seventh day to gather manna, but found none. Verse 27. It was absolutely impossible to change the count.

"The message which came as a result of their careless disobedience is deeply significant: '*How long refuse ye to keep My commandments and My laws?*' Verse 28. The test of loyalty was upon the matter of right counting,—*counting the days of the week as God counted them*, with the Sabbath as the great objective.

"It may be of interest to you to know that in early days, the Hebrew people were accustomed to relate each day of the week to the Sabbath, by a very unusual method: They named the days as 'First into the Sabbath,' 'Second into the Sabbath,' and so on through the entire week. The Sabbath was really thought of and looked forward to every day.

"'And never forget that, *by three miracles every week*, God pointed out the particular and absolute seventh day of the week: He did it, first, by granting a double portion of manna on the sixth day; second, by withholding it altogether on the seventh day; and third, by preserving the extra portion from Friday so it remained fresh on the seventh day."

"Well, Mr. Anderson, that certainly settles the question of the count. Still, *it isn't altogether clear*

*to me just why the absolute day is so necessary.*" The speaker was Mr. Severance.

"A simple illustration, I believe, will make this clear. Let me place before you seven glasses. Six are filled with water, one with rare and delicious fruit nectar. I say to you, If you will take the seventh glass you will find one of the most delightful beverages ever known. You desire the thing of which I speak. Yet there is only one glass containing it, only one glass that is 'the seventh' glass, *and you must take my count* to find out what you are after. If I may state it thus, the blessing of the fruit nectar is wrapped up *in my numbering* of the glasses.

"Just so it is with the Sabbath. God blessed the seventh day. *He put His presence into that particular day and into no other.* And, if I find Him as my heart really longs to know Him, I must begin to count as He counted—making my first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, and seventh *correspond to His.* And when I do so, I am rewarded by actually finding Him, knowing Him, resting in Him. It is because I am with Him in the Sabbath, that I have rest. The true and intelligent Sabbathkeeper, therefore, has in his service a blessing that not even a sincere Sundaykeeper ever knows."

**MR. SEVERANCE  
ACCEPTS THE NEW DISCOVERY**

"*I see it, Mr. Anderson, I see it,*" declared Mr. Severance; "and this day I join you in the larger service of the Sabbath that God has given. Will you pray for me? I specially need help in arranging my business."

"Mr. Severance, I praise the dear Lord for this



decision. *It is the decision of faith*, I am sure. God will help you in shaping your affairs for His service."

"I have in mind, however," said Mr. Severance, "more than you think. This is a day of tremendous conviction. My business career all through the years has been along lines that the world may regard as legitimate; but something has told me this afternoon that if I would be holy, and know Him who is holy, and enjoy Him in His holy day, I must retrace many of my steps. I must adjust all my methods to different standards, and go before my patrons and business associates in confession. Yes, even more, I shall have to let many a dollar revert to its real owner. Do you believe God will enable me to bear the cross?"

At this juncture, Captain Mann entered the room.

## *Chapter 12*

# *Rescue at Sea*

At the close of Mr. Anderson's service in the parlor, Mr. Spaulding, in company with Mr. Gregory, had sought a quiet place on deck to discuss what had been said and done. They were both much agitated, though the latter was inclined to acknowledge the truth of many things he had heard.

But while they talked together, Captain Mann passed near. Mr. Spaulding called to him.

"Captain, just a moment of your time. I simply want to make an appeal. *Can we not devise some plan to stop further spread of this Sabbath talk?* It

is not producing the best results, inasmuch as it stirs up the spirit of unwholesome argument; and, sooner or later, it may be the means of unsettling the views of some very good Christian people who are aboard. That young man with the marked Bible is already completely out of the way, and I notice that he is influencing some people whose good sense ought to shield them. You see, Captain, I am terribly afraid of fanaticism.”

**“BY THEIR FRUITS, YE SHALL KNOW THEM”**

“Well, Mr. Spaulding, you are aware that you are at liberty to plan as you wish. The freedom of the vessel is yours. But let me say to you, in the brief moment that I may stop, that the young man of whom you speak, Harold Wilson, has become, during the brief period since we left San Francisco, such a splendid Christian, such a trustworthy and capable co-worker, that I marvel. From a profligate, a drinking, swearing, gambling, thieving criminal, as I have known him, he has been transformed into the sober, praying, industrious, honest young man you behold today. *This certainly must be the fruit of a good tree.* And I confess that I myself have tasted and been made better.

“I must hasten; but let me assure you that this is something of which you need not be afraid. It is not fanaticism. There is a large amount of zeal, *but it is founded on knowledge of the Bible.* No one can go far astray who studies the Word in order to live it. And Harold Wilson is living it.”

The captain passed quickly on and into the parlor.

The view that met his eyes as he entered was

one which he was never to forget. There sat Mr. Severance, bowed over the table, with face buried in his hands. And, as he entered, Harold Wilson, with Bible in hand and an arm thrown over the shoulder of the merchant, was bearing witness to him of the surety of God's promise and of the wonderful blessing that had come to him in the truth of the fourth commandment.

As Captain Mann beheld the spirit manifested by Harold—the spirit of the real soul winner and helper of those in trouble—his emotions overcame him and tears filled his eyes. How strange, yet how beautiful, was this expression of tenderness in this hardy veteran of the sea!

But not a word escaped his lips. He simply stepped over to Mr. Anderson, gripped his hand strongly and feelingly, and with quivering lip hastened on to duty.

**“WOMAN OVERBOARD!”**

A shriek startled the little group in the dining room; and almost immediately the cry, “*Woman overboard!*” began to sound from one end of the vessel to the other.

“Who is it? Who is it?” was on everybody's tongue. But no one knew.

Two of the clergymen—Mr. Spaulding and Mr. Gregory—rushed to the opposite side of the vessel, reaching the rail just in time to see Harold Wilson emerge from the main parlor, quickly lay down his Bible, take off his coat, and plunge into the sea.

“Ah, How foolish! How foolish!” exclaimed Mr. Spaulding. “It means two lives instead of one. No living man can handle himself in the wake of this

vessel.”

“But God help him!” was Mr. Gregory’s response.

And God surely did help. The brave act of Harold was one of faith; and, even while he battled with the waters, his thoughts went up to God for help and deliverance, and his prayer was graciously answered.

His eye caught sight of a hand *as it appeared for an instant* above the swirling waters a few feet away; and he threw himself toward it with all the might at his command.

The drowning woman’s arm was now in his hand; and quickly and deftly he made sure of his human treasure and started toward the vessel.

“Thank God!” called out Mr. Spaulding. The passengers cheered and wept.

Meanwhile Captain Mann had ordered the engines reversed; and the great *Tenyo Maru* was brought to a dead stop, a lifeboat was lowered, and Harold and the yet unknown woman were soon safely lifted to the deck.

Mr. Gregory pressed his way to the center of the scene, that he might grasp the hand of the young hero, and incidentally to be of whatever service possible. But, as he was about to reach for Harold’s hand, the face of the rescued woman, now partially resuscitated, was before him.

His face blanched, his strength gave way, and he fell heavily to the deck.

*It was his wife!*

#### **THE FATE SHE HAD HOPED FOR HAROLD**

“Mr. Wilson,” said Mrs. Gregory, as she lay in her stateroom, “I must tell you why I have sent for you. My husband here must know also.

“I was at the service yesterday in the parlor, and heard Pastor Anderson discuss the Sabbath question; and while I am ashamed to say it, I was really angry at some things that were said. I didn’t like to hear them, and I didn’t want others to hear. And of course, I blamed you. Someone had told me that it was because of your relations with Pastor Anderson that the service was held; and when, at the last, I heard you say ‘Amen,’ I said to myself, ‘I wish that young upstart would fall overboard and thus deliver us from anymore Sabbath talk.’

“After the meeting, I came to my room and tried to forget the whole thing, but I couldn’t; so I returned after a time. And, as I saw you still there, I was more bitter than ever. I passed the parlor door; but, as I did so, my feelings overcame me. I grew dizzy. I have such spells when my feelings run away with me. And—well, I knew no more until I awakened on deck and learned that I had been delivered from a watery grave. And you, the object of my evil wishes, were chosen of God to be my rescuer!

“Mr. Wilson, I am begging your forgiveness, which I am sure you will give; but I am begging more—I *am going to ask you to take your Bible and tell me more about the truth which I have been trying to reject.* Will you do it?”

Harold humbly acknowledged his great ignorance. He asked if she would not rather study with Mr. Anderson.

“Do you think he would be willing to come?” she asked.

“Oh, I am sure he would!” was the reply. And Harold hastened to bring his good friend.

“Dr. Anderson,” said Mrs. Gregory, “I am deeply in earnest today; and Husband and I both desire further instruction. The terrible happening of yesterday was from God, to correct us and make us willing to receive unadulterated teaching. Now, what I want to ask is, Why do you specially emphasize the question of the seventh-day Sabbath? Does God require you to do it? And why is it that so many people, especially the ministers, are so determined not to listen to your message?”

“Sister, your questions are rather broad and really require more study than the circumstances will permit. However, they are to the point, and I am glad the Scriptures can give you an answer.

“Let me call your attention first to the fact that, along with marriage, *the Sabbath is one of the great blessings that have come down to us from the Eden home*. Marriage was designed to preserve a sacred relationship between members of the human family; the Sabbath, to preserve a sacred relationship between the human family and the Creator.

“The most casual reading of the fourth commandment shows the great purpose of the Sabbath. ‘Remember the Sabbath day, to keep it holy . . . *For in six days the Lord made heaven and earth*’ (Exodus 20:6, 11). It is the memorial of that great work. It keeps before the mind God’s creative power. *It calls upon us to obey Him because He is Creator*; and, in its service, it bequeaths to us the power necessary to overcome. True Sabbathkeeping means constant surrender to God and, therefore, has always been the one thing that has kept man from idolatry.

“This is beautifully brought out in the words of Exodus 31:17: ‘It is a sign between Me and the children of Israel forever.’ And Ezekiel tells us: ‘I [the Lord] gave them My Sabbaths, to be a sign between Me and them, *that they may know that I am the Lord* that sanctify them.’ Ezekiel 20:12. The reason is that God, or Christ, puts Himself, His own presence into the day and (through its acceptance) into the Sabbathkeeper’s heart; and thus every Sabbath renews and strengthens faith in the Creator.

**A BOND BETWEEN GOD  
AND HIS PEOPLE  
FOREVER**

“You will note that the Sabbath is a sign between God and Israel *forever*. This refers not only to Jews, the mere fleshly descendants of Abraham; for they soon gave up real Sabbathkeeping and therefore did not know the Sabbath as a blessing. ‘Israel’ means more than Jews. The term is one that *includes the true believer in all ages and down to the end of time*. All Christians are spiritual Israelites. See Romans 2:28, 29; John 1:47; Galatians 3:29. Hence all who would be kept in the way of righteousness will keep Sabbath and find it a sign, a memorial, of His redeeming power. Creation and redemption, you see, are the same, both calling for the Sabbath memorial.”

“Yes, Brother, I can see that,” said Mrs. Gregory. “Isn’t it beautiful!”

“With this thought in mind,” Pastor Anderson continued, “*it is very easy to see why the Lord has always emphasized the truth of the Sabbath*. As you remember, it was the test that God brought to

Israel in Egypt (Exodus 5:5); it was the test just before they came to Sinai (Exodus 16); and at Sinai, the fourth commandment was specially revealed. Nehemiah 9:13-14. All the commandments are important. —This goes without saying; but only the Sabbath has this special quality. The Sabbath is peculiarly vital.

“And now note this: When the time came that God permitted His people to go into captivity, to lose their place and their nation, He told them plainly *it was because of Sabbath breaking*,—that is, forgetfulness of Him. Compare Jeremiah 17:19-27 and 2 Chronicles 36:14-21. It almost makes you weep to read them both. Had they been faithful to His Sabbath, had they preserved their knowledge of Him as their Creator and Sovereign, the Babylonians could never have carried them away.

“Listen also to the striking words of Isaiah, the gospel prophet: ‘If thou turn away thy foot from the Sabbath, from doing thy pleasure *on My holy day*; and call the Sabbath a delight, the holy of the Lord, honorable; and shalt honor Him . . . then shalt thou delight thyself in the Lord; and I will cause thee to ride upon the high places of the earth.’ Isaiah 58:13, 14. How plain the prophet makes it, doesn’t he, that all spiritual power and uplift were to be found in the Sabbath of God!

“I have said that Isaiah is ‘the gospel prophet.’ He is. This which we have read has reference to our own gospel time. God is calling, in Isaiah’s message, for us *to turn our feet from the Sabbath*,—to stop trampling it underfoot. And the promise is actually fulfilled to those who obey.”



“Brother Anderson, Harold Wilson impresses me as having found a great blessing and being deeply helped by this truth,” said Mr. Gregory.

“Yes, it is obvious that he has found a remarkable blessing in it. It is only recently that he really discovered it. Really, dear people, it was what came into his soul from the Sabbath, that carried him over the ship’s side yesterday. He has told me this. And he is certain that God regarded his obedience and answered his prayer in his finding you. He calls you his ‘Sabbath-saved woman.’

“I don’t doubt it, not for a moment,” Mrs. Gregory replied; “and that is why I am really and truly opening my heart today.”

#### **MANY WILL NOT OBEY THEIR CONVICTIONS**

“But there is more,” said Pastor Anderson. “Let me continue a bit further. In chapter fifty-six of his book, Isaiah prophesies of a great Sabbath reform among the Gentiles of these last days. Read verses 1-8; and you will see that it is clearly a gospel message. It promises those who enter into a Sabbath covenant with Him ‘a place and a name better than of sons and daughters,’ He will give them ‘an everlasting name, that shall not be cut off.’ Everlasting life is involved.

“Surely, then, someone must preach that Sabbath message at this time. Someone must specially emphasize its importance, even as God asks.”

“Well, Brother Anderson, why is it, then, that the ministers—those of other denominations—do not accept these plain statements? They certainly are plain, though I never read them before. But the ministers have read them.”

“I can tell you why some of them do not accept,” said Mr. Gregory. “They are a little too much as I am. They do not like to acknowledge that they have been wrong. If all the clergymen who really see the truth of this Sabbath question were to confess their convictions, there would be few left to offer opposition. I know whereof I affirm. Scores of them have privately admitted to me that the Sabbathkeepers are right.”

“Well, Husband, you have never said that before in my presence. I call that dishonesty.”

“Better not say that Wife. Rather look at it as a blindness, which for a time hinders them from reading their own motives,” said Mr. Gregory.

“Pardon me, Dear Friends,” said Mr. Anderson. “I have not completed the study, but I am sure you are both weary. The strain of yesterday’s experience has told on your strength; and you had better rest. I will therefore go. The Lord quickly restore you to your full strength. Good-bye for now!”

## *Chapter 13*

### *After*

### *Nearly Dying*

“Husband,” said Mrs. Gregory, when they were alone in the seclusion of their cabin, “what are you going to do about this truth of the Sabbath?”

A rap on the door suddenly announced a “short

call" from Mr. Spaulding.

"Brother Spaulding, I am so glad you came in," said Mrs. Gregory; "for my husband and I have just been talking about a matter of personal duty. And I want to take you into our confidence.

"Mr. Spaulding glanced about the stateroom somewhat nervously, instinctively detecting that the matter of 'personal duty' was one which, above all others, he would at this time avoid. His distress was apparent, particularly when he saw Harold Wilson's Bible lying near, which in the young man's haste had been left behind.

"Perhaps you have not long to stay with us," continued Mrs. Gregory, "so I will come at once to my point."

Mr. Spaulding's eyes seemed to be riveted on a Scripture text which, as a motto for the voyage, Mrs. Gregory had pinned to the sidewall of the stateroom.

"You see, Brother Spaulding, Husband and I have been taken through 'the valley of the shadow'; and, as I consider all the circumstances, I am profoundly convinced that it was to teach me to be willing to bear my cross as the Lord Jesus would have me.

"I have been bitterly opposed to the idea of observing the true Sabbath of the Lord; ever since I was a child, I have heard something ever telling me that Sunday is not the Christian's day of rest. Yesterday that bitterness nearly cost me my life; and only the heroic act of a Sabbathkeeper saved me. However, I have come to see what God wants me to do; and I mean to do it.

"Husband also sees. He too is convinced that the things spoken yesterday, and at other times also,

is truth which calls for surrender on our part. My question is—and here I am treating you indeed as a confidential friend—Do you not think we should both come out at once and openly take our stand in favor of the Sabbath? You are an ambassador for Christ; and I want you to give me your sincerest thought.”

Little did the good woman know that the day before, at the very time she was precipitated into the sea, Mr. Spaulding was seeking to persuade her husband that Harold Wilson was a menace to the Christian belief of a vast majority of the passengers, and that Mr. Anderson was one who should be shunned by both ministers and people.

Mr. Gregory sensed the embarrassment of the situation; and he sought to alleviate Mr. Spaulding's distress.

“Brother Spaulding,” he said, “do you not regard it as remarkable, in view of what we were discussing at the time of the accident, that Mr. Wilson should have been the one to save my wife's life? And mark you, he himself has said that the truth which has recently come to him was what gave him inspiration and faith to jump overboard and effect the rescue. Do you not look upon it as remarkable?”

“Yes, Brother Gregory, I do; and I confess myself reproved for what I said.”

“But you must answer my question, Brother Spaulding,” Mrs. Gregory insisted. “Do you not think we should both keep the Sabbath, even though it cost us everything we have in the world, when we have come to understand that God is calling upon us to do so?”

**MR. SPAULDING  
ACKNOWLEDGES HIS ERROR**

“Mrs. Gregory, you have placed me in an exceedingly trying position; yet you have done so unwittingly. You may not be aware that I have been strongly opposed to the seventh-day Sabbath idea. I have regarded it as a delusion, something that was calculated to hinder the progress of the gospel in this time of great world evangelism. But to be perfectly frank, I will say that it is everyone’s privilege and duty to obey his conscience.”

“Brother Spaulding,” queried Mr. Gregory, “do you feel absolutely confident that you are right in the positions you have taken regarding the Sabbath?”

“For instance, *are you ready to stake your salvation on the thought that the Sabbath is not to be kept*, because the law is abolished? Really, didn’t Jesus honor the Ten Commandments and die to satisfy their claims? Does not the story of Calvary show that the law of the new covenant, the law written in the heart, is the law proclaimed from Sinai? *Before God, tell me*. Let us be honest with our own hearts.”

“Well, Brother Gregory, I don’t know how to analyze my position. When I read such Scriptures as Matthew 5:17, 18; Romans 3:31; 8:3, 4; James 2:8-12; Matthew 19:17, and other like passages, there does flit through my mind a bit of doubt. *No, I cannot truly say I am absolutely confident.*”

“Another question then,” continued Mr. Gregory: “Ought we not to regard the example and teaching of Jesus as vital?”

“Yes, I believe we ought.”

Mr. Spaulding began to relax, and a spirit of freedom which he almost unwillingly enjoyed began to

take possession of him.

“Well, that is my opinion too,” continued Mr. Gregory; “and for a long time, I have had in mind that *if I would yield my pride and freely follow the Saviour’s plan*, I would be a Sabbathkeeper. He certainly was, yet not as a Jew. Jesus was the Universal Man; and therefore His Sabbathkeeping was of universal import. He is my example; and I see no way to escape the conclusion that I should do as He did.

#### A CHILD OF APOSTASY

“You told me, Brother Spaulding, that you had been connected with one of the seminaries conducted by your people, and that you taught church history. Tell me, please, has not your study shown you that the Sabbath of the fourth commandment was kept by the apostles and by the church generally *for several hundred years after Christ*? Is it not true that the early church was influenced by the forms and ceremonies *of ancient pagan sun worship* and that gradually she adopted the customs of the time, Sunday observance being one of them? And, to make a long story short, was it not the church, fallen and corrupted, seeking for worldly position and power, that, in the fourth century, actually substituted Sunday for the Sabbath and compelled the recognition of it by law?”

“Brother Gregory, you are down to real heart work now,” was Mr. Spaulding’s reply; “and I am going to be more than frank. *I am going to tell you what I have never breathed to a soul before*; namely, that all you have said, and even more, is true. Without any doubt, *Sunday as a day of rest is*

*only a child of apostasy.* There is not a snatch of evidence, in any of the writings of the fathers, to prove that it has any claim to divine sanction. I know all this.

“But I have looked at the matter from another angle—I have given respectful consideration to the thought that, as Sunday was the day of the resurrection, we could properly celebrate that glorious event by worshiping on the day which witnessed it. I must say, though, that if I were on my dying bed, I should not want to make any strong claim for the practice. Certainly God never commanded it.”

“Then tell me, Brother Spaulding,” said Mrs. Gregory, “how in the world could you stand before the people week after week and teach something of which you were not absolutely sure? Don’t you believe the Bible?”

**ONLY PLAYING WITH THE BIBLE**

“Sister Gregory, let me bare my heart a bit further. You have now suggested the real difficulty of the whole proposition. *I believe I have been playing with the Word of God.* I recognize that there has come into my life something which has undermined my old-time confidence.

“Because of compromise over the years, the Bible had ceased to be a really authoritative divine Word. I have treated it, in a measure, as though it were from men rather than from the Lord; and, on that account, *I have argued just to carry my point, but not to find the truth.*”

“I have done the same, to some extent,” said Mr. Gregory.”

“Well, are you both intending to continue that

course?" asked Mrs. Gregory. "It seems to me that God is trying very earnestly here today to help us all to change."

"And become Sabbathkeepers, Sister Gregory?" Mr. Spaulding questioned.

"I didn't say that; *yet maybe that is what any true and complete change would mean.* You know, Brother Spaulding, that if we do take God's Word as an inspired oracle and as our only guide in living, there is no escaping the fact that we are under absolute moral obligation to obey the fourth commandment. Isn't that so?"

"Certainly," was the answer. "There is not a hint of any other day divinely set apart."

"So far as the Bible is concerned, then, the Sabbathkeepers are correct, are they not?"

"Yes, without doubt. *But, oh, the idea of keeping a day different from what almost the entire Christian church observes!* It is that that hurts me. Why, one actually becomes the laughingstock of society. I myself have called the seventh-day people 'Christ killers' and 'fanatics.' "

"You certainly have, Brother Spaulding," said Mr. Gregory. "Those were the terms you were using yesterday when we were interrupted by the cry, 'Woman overboard!' "

"Well, I never knew before that ministers of the gospel were so unwilling to yield to what they knew to be right," said Mrs. Gregory. "And do you mean to tell me that there are others in the pulpit who talk one thing and believe another?"

"Wife, you must be patient and charitable in this matter, even though you learn of what seems to be



dishonesty. I don't like to call it that; rather, I would call it confusion, resulting from long years of training in the wrong direction. As Brother Spaulding has said, he has scarcely been able to analyze his own views. We have gone on, however, teaching many times what we have not known to be true, even though we have not taught what we have known to be false. It is perfectly safe to say that the majority of the ministry of today occupy this position. But the circumstances of this trip,—the contact with Harold Wilson and his marked Bible, the attitude of Captain Mann, the work of Mr. Anderson, the discussions among Brother Mitchell, Brother Spaulding, and me, and finally, the providence of yesterday, which has spoken so pointedly to my soul,—all these have caused me to see that I must take an entirely different course; and I purpose that everybody aboard this vessel shall know what God has done for me." It was thus that Mr. Gregory, led by the Spirit of God, finally and fully committed himself.

"Before you go, Brother Spaulding, won't you take the Bible there and read for us? Read the fortieth Psalm, please."

Mr. Spaulding gladly acceded to the request of Mr. Gregory; and picking up the marked Bible, he turned to the psalm indicated and began to read. Slowly and feelingly he read, a great tenderness taking possession of his heart. Scores and scores of times, during his ministry, he had read this same Scripture; but never before had its voice seemed to speak so directly to him or its message appeared so sweet. He reached the eighth verse; and this he found

underscored. In the margin was written the following:

“God’s *will* is God’s *law*. To do His will—to keep His law—is the true and only object of life. Ecclesiastes 12:13. Not wealth, not health, not happiness, not salvation, not philanthropy, but doing God’s will. He who delights in the will of God has found the climax of all holiness; and he will surely be instrumental, as Jesus was, in leading others to love and serve. This is the revelation of God in man and through man.—Mother.’ ”

Mr. Spaulding stopped. The word, “*Mother*,” at the close of the note aroused in him a peculiar interest.

“What does this mean?” he said. “Who is the mother who wrote this comment?”

“While the words were on his lips, there was a light rap at the door. In response to the usual “Come in,” Harold Wilson entered. He had missed his Bible and had come for it.

“Sit down, my boy,” said Mr. Gregory. “We are just about to have prayer with Brother Spaulding.”

That sounded strange to Harold; and what was stranger, his Bible was in Mr. Spaulding’s hand. What did it mean?

Mr. Spaulding soon satisfied Harold’s curiosity by explaining that they had just been reading in it. And then, in a gentle and fatherly way, so unlike his usual demeanor, said:

“Son, what is the meaning of the word, ‘*Mother*,’ signed to this note here? I am interested, because the note sounds so much like the words of my own mother, who was accustomed also to mark her Bible.”

Gladly indeed did Harold relate the story of his faithful mother, of his effort to escape her influence and teaching, of the marked Bible which he found at sea and later threw away, of his life in sin, of his trial and sentence, of the marked Bible at the Oakland pier—marked by request of his mother while she was on her deathbed—of Mr. Anderson's acquaintance with that dear mother, and of Captain Mann and his experience. All this and much more seemed to Harold a chapter stranger than fiction; and he told it as only one who believes in an overshadowing Providence can.

"And that's why I am trying to follow my Saviour," said Harold. "My mother's prayer has been answered through Mr. Anderson. The verse you have just read is my special guide; and I wrote my name under the word, '*Mother*,' so I could say in my heart that I was indorsing her message."

Mr. Spaulding then prayed. The Spirit of God was there to indite. As he prayed, his heart broke before God. Mr. and Mrs. Gregory shared fully his blessing of spiritual uplift; and amens sought to find expression through lips too tender to articulate. When he prayed for Harold, "the hero of faith" of the day before, and for Mr. Anderson, "the devoted brother who sought truly to reveal Christ," Harold's cup was full.

The prayer ended, Harold quietly withdrew, and Mr. Spaulding also hastened to his stateroom.

But before the gong called Harold to his work, he went to Mr. Anderson's quarters and told him what had occurred in the stateroom he had just left. "Thank God," said the minister, "the day of miracles

is not past.”

## Chapter 14

# Morning Meeting

It was Sabbath morning—a bright, beautiful day. Several days had now elapsed since the almost miraculous rescue of Mrs. Gregory; and Harold Wilson had frequently been stopped here and there by interested persons who desired to ask him about his conversion, his marked Bible, and his answered prayer in the saving of the minister's wife.

And besides the interest shown in the young man, there were rumors afloat that one of the clergymen had “become a seventh-day man.” But no one seemed to know whether it was Mr. Mitchell, Mr. Spaulding, or Mr. Gregory.

Until this Sabbath morning, no one had given particular attention to a certain man, evidently educated and cultured, who had kept himself somewhat isolated and attended none of the religious services aboard the vessel; but he spent much time reading some well-worn books that he carried with him. Determined that the journey should not end before he had at least made an effort at acquaintance, Mr. Anderson, finding him at his accustomed reading, took a seat beside him on deck. And, as his custom was, he inquired if the man was a Christian.

**A CATHOLIC POINTS OUT  
PROTESTANTISM'S INCONSISTENCY**

“Yes, Sir; I am a Roman Catholic, a member of the only true and apostolic church,” the stranger said very positively.

“Ah! Well, I am glad to meet you, Sir,” was the minister’s reply. “I am a Protestant; but that does not hinder me from feeling brotherly.”

“Do you say you are a Protestant? There are no Protestants—*no consistent Protestants*,” he said. “Why, I am reading at this very time the proof of my statement.”

“What is your proof, Friend, that there are no true Protestants? That is rather a broad statement,” said Mr. Anderson.

“Well, however broad it may sound, it is true. There are no consistent Protestants; *for none of them take the Bible and the Bible only as their rule of faith*. They say they follow the Bible; but, in many things, they reject it altogether, and follow the teachings and customs of the Catholic Church. For instance, *you know very well that you have no Scripture for your Sunday—not a single word*. The Bible teaches you that you should keep today—Saturday—not tomorrow. The Catholic Church, by authority of the apostle Peter, changed the day of worship from the seventh day to the first day of the week, and the whole religious world has adopted the change. And then to think that they persist in calling themselves Protestants! It is disgusting.”

“But not all Protestants do as you say. There are exceptions.”

“So far as I know, they all do. Of course, they grow indignant and make vigorous denial; but they do not dare come out and face the actual facts. Our

church, through Cardinal Gibbon's paper, has challenged the whole Protestant world to show that they are not following its teachings rather than the Bible in their keeping of Sunday; but there has never been an answer. The reason is, there is no answer to be given. *Every intelligent Protestant clergyman who has studied church history knows that Sunday worship springs from our church.* And so we say that, taking a part of our religion, they ought consistently to take it all. In fact, we look for all of you to come back into the true fold.

#### A THOUSAND DOLLARS UNCLAIMED

"A number of years ago," he continued, "*one of our priests offered a thousand dollars to anyone who would bring even one text from the Bible to show Sunday to be the divine day of rest. But no one has ever appeared to claim the reward.*"

"No," said Mr. Anderson, "and no one ever will. Such a text cannot be found."

"Then why do you go on fooling yourself and others by keeping Sunday?"

"I do not," was the reply.

"Oh, you don't keep any day, I suppose."

"Yes, I observe the seventh day of the week. I am a Seventh-day Adventist. Now let me make you a proposition: *Will you offer a reward of a thousand dollars to anyone who will prove to you from the Bible that your church did change the Sabbath?*"

The man closed the catechism in his hand, looked at Mr. Anderson squarely in the eye, and asked: "Who are you, anyway? What do you mean?"

"I mean," said the pastor, "that I agree with you that your church changed the Sabbath, and that I

am ready to show you, from the Word of God, that you are correct.”

“All right, provided you will use my Bible. And I will give you a hundred dollars if you make good your claims. It will be worth that much to me in handling the next Sunday man I meet. But remember, it must be from our *Douay Version*.”

Mr. Anderson readily agreed; and the man, who had now introduced himself as James Conan, went after his Bible, leaving his catechism in the deck chair.

“What have you here, Brother?” asked Judge Kershaw, who happened along while Mr. Anderson was waiting; and stooping, he picked up the little book and opened it.

“A Catholic catechism! Well, this is strange literature for a Protestant pastor!”

The book was opened to the chapter devoted to church authority, and the judge incidentally read:

“Q. *Have you any other way of proving that the Church has power to institute festivals of precept?*

A. Had she not such power, she could not have done that in which all modern religionists agree with her;— she could not have substituted the observance of Sunday, the first day of the week, for the observance of Saturday, the seventh day, a change for which there is no Scriptural authority.”

Evidently the judge had never before read the statement, and he appeared greatly surprised; but an explanation was impossible, as Mr. Conan now returned. And, handing Mr. Anderson the Bible, he renewed his conversation.

“Mr. Conan, you believe and receive the entire

Bible, do you not?" was Mr. Anderson's first question.

"Yes, Sir; every good Catholic does."

"I knew you must; for, in the footnote that I find here in 2 Peter, I read: 'Every part of the Holy Scriptures was written by men inspired by the Holy Ghost and declared as such by the church.' "

"Of course, Mr. Anderson, but please know that my belief is subject to the teaching of the church," Mr. Conan added.

"Well, let us note what the Bible says.

#### **MR. ANDERSON EXPLAINS A PROPHECY**

"In the book of Daniel, chapter 7, we are told of a vision given to the prophet, a vision which revealed to him four great beasts,—a lion, a bear, a leopard, and a beast without name. The footnote in your Bible says, 'Viz., the Chaldean, Persian, Grecian, and Roman empires.' Of the correctness of this position there is no doubt.

"In the vision, the prophet saw 'ten horns' on the fourth beast and the footnote reads, '*Ten horns*. That is ten kingdoms among which the empire of the fourth beast shall be parceled.' This too, without question, is correct; for between the years A.D. 351 and A.D. 476, the western empire was divided into exactly ten parts,—Franks, Alemanni, Burgundians, Suevi, Vandals, Visigoths, Anglo-Saxons, Lombards, Ostrogoths, and Heruli.

"After the ten horns (or kingdoms) appeared, the prophet said 'another little horn sprung out of the midst of them: and three of the first horns were plucked up at the presence thereof: and behold eyes like the eyes of a man were in his horn, and a mouth



speaking great things.’ Between the years A.D. 493 and A.D. 538, exactly three of the horns (or kings) mentioned were plucked up, according to the prophecy. They were the Heruli, in Italy; the Vandals, in Africa; and the Ostrogoths, in Rome.”

“I am familiar with that history,” remarked Mr. Conan, “and you may be aware that they were overthrown because of their heretical positions, especially the Ostrogoths. The bishop of Rome was the one person who negotiated with the eastern empire for the cleansing of the eternal city.”

“Yes, you are right, Mr. Conan; it was a religious controversy that brought about the downfall of those three kingdoms. They were Arian in faith; and the church saw to it that they were annihilated,” said Mr. Anderson.

“But now mark: The horn that put them down had ‘a mouth speaking great things.’ Verse 8. In verse 24, this same horn is said to ‘bring down three things’; and then the prophet adds, ‘And he shall think to change times and laws, and they shall be delivered into his hand until a time, and times, and half a time.’

“I may not take time now to go largely into details, but will call your attention to the last feature of the description—that of the time. A ‘time’ is a year, even as the footnote here states. In this prophecy, it is a prophetic year, equal to 360 prophetic days. According to Ezekiel 4:6, a prophetic day equals a literal year. The Scripture reads, ‘I have appointed thee each day for a year.’ I have then the following:

Time - 360 years

Times - 720 years

Half a time - 180 years

Total - 1,260 years

“In Revelation 12:6, 14, this same period is clearly shown to be one thousand two hundred sixty days, or years; while in Revelation 13:5, it is stated to be ‘forty and two months’ (thirty days to the Jewish month), which gives the same number.”

Mr. Conan apparently approved, as he was logically obliged to do; he was beginning to see that the points thus far made was bringing an unwelcomed conclusion.

“Twelve hundred sixty years is the time during which this little horn would ‘speak words,’ ‘crush the saints,’ and ‘think himself able to change the times and laws.’ What are the facts of history?

“They are these: In A.D. 533, Justinian, emperor of Eastern Rome, issued a decree declaring the bishop of Rome the corrector of heretics and ‘head over all the churches.’ Immediately the work of putting down Arianism was begun with new vengeance in order that the decree might become effective; and, the very next year, the Vandals were subjugated. This work was followed, in 538, by the uprooting of the Ostrogoths. In 538, therefore, the bishop of Rome found himself the undisputed head of the great spiritual world, by royal decree; and, from that date he began his work as outlined in the prophecy.

“Dating forward twelve hundred and sixty years from A.D. 538, we are brought down to A.D. 1798. Was that a remarkable year in the history of the church of which the bishop of Rome was head? Ah, that was the time when the army of France took the

head of the church prisoner, broke the power he had so long wielded, and carried him into captivity. The prophecy of Daniel was fulfilled almost to a day.”

“Mr. Anderson,” Mr. Conan said rather excitedly, “you are trying to prove the Catholic Church Anti-christ. This is the worst thing I have ever heard.”

“Pardon me, Mr. Conan; but have I not taken it all from your Bible, as you suggested?”

“Well, pass it for the present. What about the Sabbath change? You have not proved anything yet as to the matter with which we began.”

“Very good, let us proceed,” said Mr. Anderson.

“The prophecy definitely states that *this little horn power should ‘think himself able to change times and laws.’* What laws are pointed out? Read the whole verse and see. The horn is working against God,—against God’s name, against God’s people, and against God’s laws. And, right here, let me ask you a question: Does not your literature teach that the pope, speaking *ex cathedra*, has authority to set aside the words of Scripture for the good of the church?”

“I must acknowledge that it does.”

“Does not your catechism, which you have in your hand, actually set before you a changed form of the law of God?”

“I do not know,” Mr. Conan replied.

Taking the catechism handed to him, Mr. Anderson turned to the chapter devoted to the commandments, and read,—at the same time comparing with Mr. Conan’s Bible.

“Now, Mr. Conan, notice. The fourth command is changed in your catechism, and calls for Sunday

worship instead of Sabbath worship. And right over here *the change is cited as proof that the church has authority to appoint other special days of service.* In other words, your church actually confesses to changing the Word of God. As you told me at the beginning, she changed the day.”

#### EVIDENCE ACCEPTABLE IN ANY COURT

Judge Kershaw had only been an interested listener. But now he spoke, saying: “*Mr. Anderson has given evidence which would be accepted in any court of law.* It is a case in which the defendant has been proved guilty not only by direct testimony of unimpeachable witnesses, but by his own confession as well.”

“Mr. Conan, these are hard things; but let me go a step further,” continued Mr. Anderson. “The Church of Rome has fulfilled another great prophecy, that of 2 Thessalonians 2:3, 4, which speaks of ‘the man of sin,’ ‘the son of perdition,’ ‘who opposeth and is lifted up above all that is called God or that is worshiped, so that he sitteth in the temple [the church] of God, showing himself that he is God.’

“*The pope has put himself above God in setting aside a portion of His law; he has assumed titles that belong to God only; he has allowed himself, as Christ’s pretended vicar, to receive worship and adoration; and all this has been in the temple—the church—of God. Is it not true, then, that the Church of Rome is the power that fulfills Daniel 7:25, and that changed the Sabbath of Jehovah?*”

“Mr. Anderson, this is terrible. Do the priests know these things?”

“Yes, my brother, many of them do; and not only

the priests, but Protestant ministers as well." He then read Ezekiel 22:26.

Mr. Conan seemed stunned, but in nowise resentful. He was on a mission for the church. What should he now do about it?

## *Chapter 15*

# *Decision Time*

Mr. Anderson had no sooner reached his state-room than a messenger boy called with a note, and said that he had been asked to wait for a written reply.

The note was from Mrs. Slocum, one of the ladies from San Francisco, who had been so impressed by the pastor's prayer during the service of the previous Tuesday. It read as follows:

"My Dear Mr. Anderson,

"For several days there has been developing an increasing desire on the part of many of the passengers to hear from you concerning the question of the Sabbath. The matter seems to us of such importance that we feel to press you once more into service. Will you address us tomorrow—Sunday—in the parlor, of course choosing such phase of the subject as you may deem best? Kindly reply by messenger.

"(Mrs.) Frances Slocum."

In justice to Mr. Anderson, it must be said he was not one who sought opportunity to impose on people. Yet his was a mission of true soul winning.

One purpose actuated him; namely, to preach Christ and Him crucified. He believed thoroughly, however, in the necessity of teaching doctrine; for without that, there would be no guide to conduct, no track over which the believer could successfully direct his train of life to the kingdom of God.

The extended invitation revealed to him real heart hunger or, changing the figure, soil that was ready for the sowing of the seed. He therefore penned a short note of acceptance and began to give thought to what he should say.

Little did he know that God had ordained the service to be one of the most momentous in his life.

#### **CAPTAIN MANN'S PRAYER**

The hour came, and the parlor was filled. Mr. Spaulding and Mr. and Mrs. Gregory sat in the front, their faces really beaming with anticipation. Judge Kershaw occupied a commanding position, while nearby were Mr. Severance and Harold Wilson, with his Bible in his hand. Of course, Mrs. Slocum and her friends were where they could see and hear all; and, strangely enough, Mr. Conan's face was seen in the audience.

How different was the atmosphere of this service from that of a few days before! Within so brief a space of time, the grace of God had wrought mightily on hearts, yet working through the humblest of agencies. Today there was freedom in the lives of both ministers and people; this had never before been known, because never before had they so yielded to the truth, which makes and keeps free. John 8:32, 36.

To the utter astonishment of a large number

present, Captain Mann opened the meeting by prayer,—a prayer such as that parlor had never heard before, and perhaps would not hear again.

“Oh God in heaven,” he began with trembling tone, “we indeed thank Thee at this hour that Thou hast called us to Thy side. *We thank Thee for Thy goodness* which has followed us all through our lives. *We thank Thee for our beautiful mothers*, who, while we were children, sought under Thy direction to cause our feet to walk the paths of righteousness, who taught us to pray, who taught us to love and obey Thy commandments. And surely Thou art better than mothers, for Thou madest them and gavest them to us. So we can and do trust Thee. We want today to have Thee take us and hold us in Thy great, strong arms. We are tired of the world and its folly. Take us therefore, Saviour, and give us rest, as Thou hast promised. We yield to Thy Spirit. Now teach us. *Guide us into the very fullness of truth*. Thou art guiding and we are following.

“However unwilling we may have been, *we are not unwilling today*. And Blessed One, search through this company, and help, greatly help, all who are longing for perfect victory. there are some here who are learning new things, and maybe hard to receive; but help them to learn. Bring us fully out of the darkness of all erroneous belief and give us courage to do the right, no matter what the cost, that one day, at the journey’s end, we may see our mothers again and see Thee in glory.

“Grant it all because of Thy promise and because of our great need. Through the merits of Jesus, Thy Son and our Saviour, we ask it. Amen.”

There were frequent amens; and as the captain arose from his knees—for he had knelt to pray—more than one handkerchief was used to dry eyes that had been moistened by tender memories of early days.

#### MR. ANDERSON USES THE MARKED BIBLE

Mr. Anderson arose and was about to speak; but ere he could do so, Mrs. Slocum spoke.

“Pastor,” she said, “are you willing to use the marked Bible on this occasion? Somehow the prayer has caused me to regard this meeting as a kind of mothers’ meeting, and this Bible is surely a mother’s Bible. This is only a bit of sentiment, it is true; yet it will prove a blessing to some.”

Harold Wilson gladly brought forward the Bible, and placed it on the speaker’s stand. *Thus a mother’s voice continued to speak, a mother’s prayer to be answered.* How truly do one’s works follow when God is permitted to have His way in the life!

“My friends,” said Mr. Anderson, “as you probably know, I am speaking today by request. There are those who are eager to know more fully of the truth of the gospel as revealed in the Sabbath of the Lord; and to help such, I will briefly set before you a few principles not before noticed.

“I can do no better, I think, than to answer a question that was handed in by someone last Tuesday. The question reads, ‘*What do you understand by the mark of the beast in Revelation 13:17?*’

“Without doubt, I must be brief; so you will gladly allow me the privilege of omitting the usual sermon style of phraseology and treating you as a class of



students who may interrupt with questions as you desire.

“I will first call your attention to the fact that ‘the beast’ of Revelation 12, 13, and 17 is earthly government under the influence of Satan and controlled by the church, which is standing in opposition to God. It is, so far as Revelation 13 is concerned, the power of earthly government swayed by the papal church, which for ‘forty and two months’ of prophetic time (one thousand two hundred sixty literal years, reaching from A.D. 538 to 1798) spoke ‘great things and blasphemies,’ and to whom ‘it was given’ ‘to make war with the saints and to overcome them.’ See verses 5-7. It was that terrible system known as ‘the man of sin,’ ‘the son of perdition,’ which took its place in the church of God, secured control of the Roman Empire, put tradition in the place of the Bible, *and actually changed God’s law*, substituting Sunday for the Sabbath. See 2 Thessalonians 2:3, 4; Daniel 7:25; and other scriptures. All these things are matters of history, and may be read by all.

“You will see at a glance, therefore, that ‘the mark of the beast’ must be something intimately associated with the papacy, in its work of opposing God’s truth and people; for Revelation 14:9-11 *distinctly states that to receive this mark puts one into direct warfare against God*, and makes him a subject of wrath. The mark, then, is a terribly serious proposition; and surely Inspiration must make plain to us what it is.

“So far as the mere word is concerned, ‘mark’ is equivalent to ‘seal’ or ‘sign.’ The words are used in-

terchangeably. For instance, in Ezekiel 9:4, God tells the heavenly messenger to 'set a *mark upon the foreheads*' of the men who honor Him; while in Revelation 7:3-4 we find these same people '*sealed . . . in their foreheads.*' In Romans 4:11, the words 'sign' and 'seal' stand as equivalents: 'He received the sign of circumcision, a seal of the righteousness of the faith which he had.'

"To put the matter as it really is: *The beast has its mark or sign*; and opposed are God's sign or seal. To have the mark of the beast is to die; to have the mark, *to have the seal of God is to live*, and to live forever.

#### **THE FOURTH COMMANDMENT IS GOD'S SEAL**

"But now we come to the really interesting part of the matter. These terms—'mark,' 'sign,' 'seal'—are used in the Word of God *with special reference to law, or legal documents*. Jezebel 'wrote letters in Ahab's name, and sealed them with his seal.' 1 Kings 21:8. The decree of Haman for the destruction of the Jews in the days of Esther was 'in the name of King Ahasuerus,' and 'sealed with the king's ring.' Esther 3:12. This was the thought of the signet ring of the ancient times. It was a "name ring." The king's name was in the ring; and the impress of the ring stamped on the king's name. *In this way, documents were sealed, and thus became law*. We have only to remember this in order to understand the point we are after: *God's seal, or sign, is something connected with His law*. It is the signet portion, that in which His name is found, and therefore that which gives it the force of true law.

"I need not remind you that *three essential fea-*

tures are to be found in every law seal: first, *the name of the official*; second, *his designated office*; and third, *the territory over which his authority extends*. Thus the President of our country, in signing any bill or other document, must sign his name with the title appended, 'President of the United states.' It is not enough that he sign only his name; for there might be other persons of the same name. Nor is it sufficient that he give only his name and office; for a person bearing his name might be president of a transit company or a literary club. No; it takes all three: 1. the name; 2. 'President' (office); and 3. 'United States of America' (territory).

"Let me now inquire if this principle is really found in God's law,—*the Ten Commandments*.

"The first and the last five of the commandments do not mention Jehovah's name, so we will pass them. The second, the third, and the fifth give only His name. *But the fourth, the Sabbath command, brings to view His name, His office, His realm.*

" 'The seventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God.' " Here He gives *His name*, Jehovah.

Continuing on:

" 'In six days the Lord made the heaven and earth, the sea, and all that in them is.' Here He gives *His office* as Creator and *the extent of His authority* as Owner of heaven and earth.

"So *Jehovah, Creator of the universe*—is His official seal. The fourth commandment is the official seal of the divine law; and, without it, that law would be invalid. Do you all see that this is so?"

There is no question. The truth is self-evident.

"That is why God says, "Bind up the testimony,

seal the law among My disciples.” Isaiah 8:16. *The Sabbath is the seal of the law*; and God wishes, through the keeping of it, to more fully write the Ten Commandments on our hearts; that is, more fully into our daily experience.

“*God Himself constantly points to the fact that He is Creator of all things, as reason why we should obey.* See Genesis 1:1; Exodus 20:8-11; Jeremiah 10:10-12; Psalms 96:5; 33:6-9; and other texts. And if any of you are going abroad as missionaries to the heathen, remember that only the truth of the fourth commandment, coupled with a conscientious observance of it, will convince them of the supremacy of our God.”

“Kindly explain that a little further,” said Mr. Spaulding.

“Well, while the heathen believes in the greatness of his god or gods, he does not worship them as having creative power. Thus, when you come to him with authoritative word that Jehovah is the Creator and that He therefore made all the things which the heathen have worshiped, he sees that even the gods of wood and stone themselves must bow to Jehovah’s commands. The Sabbath command thus becomes the signal for him to transfer his allegiance. *Your obedience helps him to understand that God still lives and recreates those who yield to Him.*”

**THE CATHOLIC CHURCH  
APPROVED THE CHANGE**

“That is fine, Brother, fine,” said Mr. Spaulding. “We missionaries may well take the lesson to heart.”

And now Mr. Conan spoke. “Mr. Anderson,” he said, “*what about the mark of the beast?* You are

not touching that point.”

“I think, Mr. Conan,” said the minister, “I will let you answer your own question. If the Sabbath commandment is the seal of God (and it is) and if the mark, or seal, of the beast stands in opposition to it, then, logically, *what must we conclude as to the meaning of the mark?*”

“Why, logically, I should say it also is a sabbath day of some kind—that is, a sabbath opposing Sabbath,” was Mr. Conan’s reply.

“Exactly so,” said Mr. Anderson, “*And that is a historical fact, as I showed you yesterday.* The beast, the papacy, a combination of church and state in the fourth century of our era—hundreds of years after Christ and the Apostles,—succeeded in substituting tradition for the Word of God and wickedly attacking the truth of the fourth commandment, substituting Sunday for the Sabbath.

“Eusebius, a bishop of that period, openly claimed that ‘all things whatsoever that it was duty to do on the Sabbath these *we* have transferred to the Lord’s day.’ And not very long ago, one of the leading Catholic papers of the United States made the statement that ‘*the Catholic Church, of its own infallible authority, created Sunday as a holy day to take the place of the Sabbath of the old law.*’

“‘We observe Sunday instead of Saturday,’ says a catechism that I saw yesterday, ‘because the Catholic Church, in the Council of Laodicea (A.D. 336), transferred the solemnity from Saturday to Sunday.’

“Now, as God points to His Sabbath seal as evidence of His authority, so the Church of Rome points to her Sunday mark as evidence of her authority.

She proves her right, her authority to command feasts and holy days *'by the very act'* (this from a catechism) *'of changing the Sabbath into Sunday.'*

"Thus her 'mark' is set in boastful opposition to God's 'seal.'

"Summing it all up, we have this: *An apostate power has violated God's law by tearing out its seal and putting Sunday in its place.* Then apostasy comes to men and demands of them that they accept the change it has made, enforcing its claims by law wherever and whenever it has sufficient influence to do so. All the *Sunday laws* of our own and other lands have this wretched principle behind them. And lest some of you do not know, I may say here that both the prophecies of God's Word and the plans of the present Roman Church show that ere long all nations will pass laws, making Sunday observance universal and finally compelling men to keep it or die. Read Revelation 13 completely.

#### **SABBATH REFORM CALLED FOR NOW**

"Many Christians have observed the Sunday in good conscience, believing they were doing the will of God; and He accepted the motive, the heart love. But now light is shining. God warns us against that apostate system, comprised in the beast and his image, which exalts the false sabbath in the place of the true and seeks to enforce it under penalties. Thus it becomes its mark. *And, when men in the light of God's message reject God's day and accept as their badge of allegiance the Sunday as enforced by the beast and his image, they receive the mark of the beast, against which God warns.*

"At what stage in men's experience men cut them-

selves off from God, it is not for mortals to say. Judgment rests with God.

“At this time, therefore, God is calling upon us to turn again to His law and keep it wholly. He pleads with us to restore the Sabbath to its place. See Isaiah 8:16. *He calls on us to tread it underfoot no longer.* Isaiah 58:13. He commands His messengers to stay the tide of human conflict until we have received its truth into our lives. Revelation 7:1-3. He sends to the whole world a great gospel message, inviting men to worship Him only,—worship Him who created all things. Revelation 14:6, 7. And finally He shows us that *many will refuse to receive the Sunday mark; but, taking God fully into their lives, they will keep all His commandments* (Revelation 14:1, 12) and, sealed with His seal, stand at last upon Mount Zion, in the kingdom of glory. Revelation 14:1. On the other hand, those who reject God’s message, who swing off with the world to please that power which opposes God, and thus partake of the spirit and character of the world, will drink the wine of His wrath (Revelation 14:9-11) and suffer the awfulness of those plagues which will fall upon men. Revelation 16.

“*Do you wonder, my friends, why I am interested in this matter? Is it worth your while to study it? Will any here today even think of treating the question lightly? Which will it be with you, Rome or Christ, the Sunday or the Sabbath, the mark of the beast or the seal of the living God?*”

Mr. Spaulding almost leaped to his feet. “Brother Anderson,” he said, “may I be permitted a few words?”

“As he faced the people, it was evident that he

had something to say which was to mark a new era in his own life, and which would profoundly affect the lives of many others.

## Chapter 16

# Because of a Mother's Love

Mr. Spaulding seemed unable to get his voice. A *picture of his whole past life rose before him*, and a sense of his great unworthiness seemed almost to overwhelm him.

“My dear people,” he began, “without doubt, you are all aware that during this journey I have been making a most determined effort to combat, in every way I could, the thought that the fourth commandment should be observed by Christians.

“You heard Judge Kershaw state, the other day, that he knew me in Arkansas, and that I stood in his court as a witness against one who observed the Sabbath. *What he said was too true*. I gloried in the fact that this seventh-day brother was convicted; and my heart never smote me when he died, the victim of my bigotry. More than that, I have even wished, since this journey began, that something would occur to silence the voice of this young man, Mr. Wilson. I really have hated him, and his Bible as well.

“But God has opened my eyes. He has touched



my heart and softened it. He has fulfilled the new covenant promise; and today I can truly say that I delight to do His will.

"I have determined that the law that I wanted to think was abolished, and the Sabbath that I despised and even abhorred, will now be written in my mind. *By faith, I have committed myself to God* and am resting in Him.

"Mr. Wilson had a godly mother. She loved God's Word. She wanted her boy to love it. And to that end she put her tears and her prayers into this precious book." At this juncture, he took the marked Bible from the stand. *"She was trusting that, in some way, her work of love would be blessed in heaven.* That it has been, you can all see. Her son has found the Lord. But let me tell you, dear ones, this Book and his mother's prayers have been the means also of arresting me in my headstrong course.

"So earnest, so sincere, so tender was his testimony, that the very air seemed filled with the love of God.

*"And are you really going with me, Brother Spaulding?"* Harold Wilson spoke up.

#### **MR. SPAULDING RESIGNS**

Mr. Spaulding responded by opening a folded paper that he held in his hand. It was his letter of resignation, written that morning, to the board under whose auspices he had started out on his mission. He then read:

"Dear Brethren,

"This is to inform you that God has miraculously wrought upon my life, and has brought me to understand that for years, like Saul of Tarsus, I have

been foolishly kicking against the pricks. Even before the completion of my journey across the sea, I find myself so entirely at variance with my former belief and teaching, that I am obliged to desist from the purpose which sent me to the Orient and to ask you to accept my resignation as a member of the Board of Foreign Missions.

“That you may understand me fully, kindly allow me a brief statement concerning past personal experiences.

“As you well know, I have been frequently chosen by my brethren to enter the arena of debate, to defend our views against the supposedly erroneous doctrines of the Sabbathkeepers. I have been regarded as eminently successful in my efforts. It was I, also, who was selected a few years ago to conduct the campaign against the violators of our Arkansas State Sunday Law. And here, too, I was regarded as successful; for I secured several convictions and had a vote of commendation from our district conference.

“But throughout my ministry, there has followed me constantly a strange though somewhat vague consciousness that my views were not well-founded in Scripture. Many a time, even while in the heat of argument, I have heard a voice telling me I was wrong; but I refused to listen, thinking it only a foolish and temporary weakness of my own nature. The thought of halting and of testing my views was also steadfastly put aside, for the reason that I feared change; and, besides, my pride and my love of my people’s approval outweighed my love of truth.

“There has come to me, however, a series of

providences which has brought me to my knees. The door of life has been swung so wide open, the light of Inspiration has shone so clearly, and the love of God has so led me to repentance, that I have fully surrendered my heart to the influences of the Holy Spirit. I have found the actual way of life; and, following Jesus Christ, I have found a deeper peace in Him than I have ever had before. My questions and doubts are gone, and the Spirit bears witness that I have been born again.

“In a word, dear brethren, I am now a Sabbath-keeper, an observer of the seventh day.

“Begging your indulgence a little further, I take the privilege of giving you a few of the principle reasons, gathered from the Bible, for my present course.

“1. God's Word in its entirety is authoritatively from Him. 2 Timothy 3:16, 17; Romans 15:4.

“2. Jesus Christ was the Author. 2 Peter 1:21; 1 Peter 1:10, 11.

“3. The Old Testament, as well as the New, reveals Christ. Luke 24:25-27; John 5:39.

“4. The gospel was known; and by it men were saved through faith, from the very beginning. Revelation 13:8; Galatians 3:8; with John 8:56; Hebrews 4:1, 2.

“5. The gospel saves from sin (Matthew 1:21; Romans 1:16); sin is the transgression of the moral law (1 John 3:4); and the law points out the sin from which the gospel saves (Romans 3:20).

“6. Sin entered the world at the beginning (Romans 5:12), and sin is not imputed where there is no law (Romans 4:15; 5:13). Therefore the law dates from the foundation of the world.

“7. The Sabbath, as a part of God’s law, was given to our first parents. Genesis 2:1-3.

“8. It was made for the whole race of mankind. Mark 2:27.

“9. As Christ was the Creator (John 1:1-3, 14; Colossians 1:13-16), even so it was He who made the Sabbath and gave it to man. The Sabbath of the law is the Sabbath of Christ.

“10. It was Christ Himself, the Mediator, who gave the law on Sinai. Galatians 3:19 with 1 Timothy 2:5. The Ten Commandments are specially the gift of Jesus Christ.

“11. As we have seen, Christ spoke through the prophets. 1 Peter 1:10, 11. And through the prophets, He foretold His love for the law. Psalm 40:7, 8; Isaiah 42:21.

“12. When He came into the world, He lived and taught the sacred and far-reaching claims of the Ten Commandments. John 15:10; Matthew 5:17, 18; 19:17.

“13. The New Testament throughout follows Jesus’ teaching, and proclaims the authority of the law. Romans 3:31; James 2:8-12; Revelation 22:14.

“14. There has been absolutely no change in that law since it was given in Eden, for God is unchangeable. Malachi 3:6; Psalms 89:34; Matthew 5:18.

“15. The Sabbath, placed in the very bosom of the law and a vital part of its great moral nature, has come to us, therefore, unchanged and unchangeable. *Moral precepts cannot change.*

“16. All through the ages, the Sabbath has been made the test of obedience, the sign of loyalty. Exodus 16:4, 27, 28; Jeremiah 17:24, 25; Exodus

31:16, 17; Ezekiel 20:12, 20.

“17. As the seal of God’s law, it is the great gospel test of the last days of time. Revelation 7:1-3; 14:6, 7.”

Closing the letter, Mr. Spaulding began weeping, while others in the audience wept with him.

## *Chapter 17*

# *Postlude*

They all had a great prayer and praise service that day, greater than any of them had ever known before.

And it all began with a mother’s love and a Bible for her son.

We will quietly conclude the book at this point. I would hope that you, dear reader, will also enter into this prayer and praise service with them.

Time has not yet brought you to that point where the touch of death will close your eyes.

Thankfully, it is not too late to bow before your God in prayer, accept these Bible truths, and give your life more fully than you ever have done before—into His hands. With Him you will be safe.

He will guide you, in this deeper trust and obedience, all along the narrow way into a wonderful future. As one author has written:

“Look up, look up, and let your faith continually increase. Let this faith guide you along the narrow path that leads through the gates of the city into the great beyond, the wide, unbounded future of glory

that is for the redeemed.”—*Prophets and Kings*, 732.

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“Heavenly angels watch the care-worn mother, noting the burdens she carries day by day. Her name may not have been heard in the world, but it is written in the Lamb’s book of life.

“There is a God above, and the light and glory from His throne rests upon the faithful mother as she tries to educate her children to resist the influence of evil. No other work can equal hers in importance. She has not, like the artist, to paint a form of beauty upon canvas, nor, like the sculptor, to chisel it from marble. She has not, like the author, to embody a noble thought in words of power, nor, like the musician, to express a beautiful sentiment in melody. It is hers, with the help of God, to develop in a human soul the likeness of the divine.

“The mother who appreciates this will regard her opportunities as priceless. Earnestly will she seek, in her own character and by her methods of training, to present before her children the highest ideal. Earnestly, patiently, courageously, she will endeavor to improve her own abilities, that she may use aright the highest powers of the mind in the training of her children. Earnestly will she inquire at every step, ‘What hath God spoken?’ Diligently she will study His Word. She will keep her eyes fixed upon Christ, that her own daily experience, in the lowly round of care and duty, may be a true reflection of the one true Life.”

—*Ministry of Healing*, 377-378

“Let woman realize the sacredness of her work and, in the strength and fear of God, take up her life mission. Let her educate her children for usefulness in this world and for a fitness for the better world.”

—3 *Testimonies*, 565

“Though the results of her work are not apparent, angels of God are watching the careworn mother, noting the burdens she carries from day to day. Her name may never appear upon the records of history, or receive the honor and applause of the world, as may that of the husband and father; but it is immortalized in the book of God. She is doing what she can, and her position in God’s sight is more exalted than that of a king upon his throne; for she is dealing with character, she is fashioning minds.

“The mothers of the present day are making the society of the future. How important that their children be so brought up that they shall be able to resist the temptations they will meet on every side in later life!”

—*Fundamentals of Christian Education*, 158-159

“To a very great extent the mother holds in her own hands the destiny of her children. She is dealing with developing minds and characters, working not alone for time, but for eternity. She is sowing seed that will spring up and bear fruit, either for good or for evil. She has not to paint a form of beauty upon canvas or to chisel it from marble, but to impress upon a human soul the image of the divine. Especially during their early years the responsibility rests upon her of forming the character of her children. The impressions now made upon their developing minds will remain with them all through life. Parents should direct the instruction and training of their children while very young, to the end that they may be Christians. They are placed in our care to be trained, not as heirs to the throne of an earthly empire, but as kings unto God, to reign through unending ages.”

—*Patriarchs and Prophets*, 244

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